### Cielo Metropolitan District

## 2021 Supplemental Annual Report

## **EXHIBIT A** 2021 Audit

## CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors

Cielo Metropolitan District

Douglas County, Colorado

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Cielo Metropolitan District ("District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021, the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report

that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the

basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional information procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information, as identified in the table of contents. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Colorado Springs, Colorado

BiggsKofford, P.C.

September 29, 2022



#### CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	•
Cash and Investments	\$ 205,219
Cash and Investments - Restricted	7,095,715
Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer	1,001
Property Taxes Receivable	147,229
Prepaid Insurance	2,968
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	10,226,780
Total Assets	17,678,912
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	21,178
Accrued Interest Payable	638,258
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	18,039,011
Total Liabilities	18,698,447
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	147,229
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	147,229
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	4,900
Unrestricted	(1,171,664)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,166,764)

#### CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Revenues

		Program Revenues						
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 72,233	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	(72,233)	
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	1,277,583	Ψ -	Ψ	_	Ψ -	Ψ	(1,277,583)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,349,816	\$ -	\$		\$ -		(1,349,816)	
GENERAL REVENUES  Property Taxes  Specific Ownership Taxes  Net Investment Income  Total General Revenues								
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION					(1,186,525)	
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year					19,761	
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR				\$	(1,166,764)	

#### CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General		Debt General Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Insurance Due from Other Funds	\$	205,219 4,900 1,001 24,537 2,968 1,136	\$	- - - 122,692 - -	\$ 7,090,815 - - - -	\$	205,219 7,095,715 1,001 147,229 2,968 1,136
Total Assets	\$	239,761	\$	122,692	\$ 7,090,815	\$	7,453,268
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	11,376 - 11,376	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 9,802 1,136 10,938	\$	21,178 1,136 22,314
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,537 24,537		122,692 122,692	 		147,229 147,229
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted for:		2,968		-	-		2,968
Emergencies (TABOR) Capital Projects Assigned To: Subsequent Year's Expenditures		4,900 - 99,500		-	7,079,877 -		4,900 7,079,877 99,500
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	_	96,480 203,848	_	-	 7,079,877		96,480 7,283,725
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	239,761	\$	122,692	\$ 7,090,815		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated							10,226,780
Long-term liabilities, including Developer advances payable and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest Payable - Developer Advance							(17,942,000) (638,258) (85,981) (11,030)
Net Position of Governmental Activities						\$	(1,166,764)

## CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUES	General		Deb Servio		Capital Projects		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$	147,161	\$	_	\$	_	\$	147,161
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	147,101	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	147,101
Net Investment Income		3		_		1,943		1,946
Total Revenues		161,348	-			1,943		163,291
EXPENDITURES								
General:								
Accounting		17,176		-		820		17,996
County Treasurer's Fees		2,207		-		-		2,207
Dues and Licenses		305		-		-		305
Insurance		3,218		-		-		3,218
Legal		39,547		-		2,300		41,847
Miscellaneous Expenses		1,100		-		-		1,100
Transfer to Stone Creek Metro District		5,560		-		-		5,560
Debt Service:								
Bond Issue Costs		-		-		634,166		634,166
Capital Projects:								
Capital Outlay		_			10	,226,780	1	10,226,780
Total Expenditures		69,113		_	10	),864,066	1	10,933,179
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		92,235		-	(10	),862,123)	(1	10,769,888)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advances		_		_	10	),212,244	1	10,212,244
Repay Developer Advances		_		_		),212,244)		10,212,244)
Bond Proceeds		_		_	-	,942,000		17,942,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				,942,000		17,942,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		92,235		-	7	7,079,877		7,172,112
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		111,613						111,613
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	203,848	\$		\$ 7	7,079,877	\$	7,283,725

## CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 7,172,112
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.  Capital Outlay	10,226,780	10,226,780
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.  Bond Issuance  Developer Advance - Infrastructure	(17,942,000) (10,212,244)	(28,154,244)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Repayment of Developer Advances - Infrastructure  Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability  Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability	10,212,244 (638,258) (5,159)	9,568,827
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(5,159)	\$ (1,186,525)

# CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Fina	ance with al Budget			
		dget		Actual	-	ositive	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 147,076	\$	147,076	\$ 147,161	\$	85	
Specific Ownership Taxes	11,766		11,766	14,184		2,418	
Net Investment Income	 			 3		3	
Total Revenues	158,842		158,842	161,348		2,506	
EXPENDITURES							
General:							
Accounting	15,000		15,000	17,176		(2,176)	
County Treasurer's Fees	2,206		2,206	2,207		(1)	
District Management	15,000		15,000	-		15,000	
Dues and licenses	525		525	305		220	
Insurance	5,000		5,000	3,218		1,782	
Legal	17,500		17,500	39,547		(22,047)	
Miscellaneous Expenses	-		-	1,100		(1,100)	
Transfer to Stone Creek Metro District	-		10,000	5,560		4,440	
Contingency	4,769		8,769	-		8,769	
Total Expenditures	60,000		74,000	 69,113		4,887	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	98,842		84,842	92,235		7,393	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 75,603		111,614	 111,613		(1)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 174,445	\$	196,456	\$ 203,848	\$	7,392	

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cielo Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District court for Douglas County on March 30, 2016, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District serves the public improvement needs of a development generally located east of Chambers Road, north of Scott Avenue, and south of Pinery Parkway in Douglas County, Colorado. Pursuant to the amended Service Plan, the District is authorized to provide for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation, redevelopment, financing, and operation and maintenance of all public improvements, including water, sanitation, streets, stormwater, park and recreation, traffic and safety control and mosquito control improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

#### **Interfund Balances**

The District reports interfund balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds in the fund financial statements as due to/from other funds. The interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure (e.g., storm drainage, streets, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities, as well as capital assets being constructed which the District may operate and maintain, are recorded as construction in progress. Construction in progress is not being depreciated and is not included in the calculation of Net Investment in Capital Assets component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the statement of activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2021.

#### <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred, and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 205,219
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 7,095,715
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,300,934

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 210,119
Investments	7,090,815
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,300,934

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$215,579 and a carrying balance of \$210,119.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 7,090,815

#### **COLOTRUST**

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

	Bala Decem		Increases	eases	Balance - December 31, 2021	
Capital Assets, Not Being			moreacec			
Depreciated: Construction in Progress	\$	-	\$ 10,226,780	\$	-	\$ 10,226,780
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$		\$ 10,226,780	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 10,226,780

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	E	salance -					Balance -		
	Dec	cember 31,				D	ecember 31,	Due Wit	hin
		2020	Additions	F	Reductions		2021	One Ye	ar
Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds:									
Series 2021 (3)	\$	-	\$ 17,942,000	\$	-	\$	17,942,000	\$	-
Accrued Interest on Series 2021 (3)			638,258		-		638,258		
Subtotal Bonds Payable		-	18,580,258		-		18,580,258		-
Other Debts:									
Developer Advances - O&M		85,981	-		-		85,981		-
Developer Advances - Infrastructure		-	10,212,244		10,212,244		-		-
Accrued Interest on									
Developer Advances - O&M		5,871	5,159		-		11,030		-
Subtotal of Other Debts		91,852	10,217,403		10,212,244		97,011		-
Total	\$	91,852	\$ 28,797,661	\$	10,212,244	\$	18,677,269	\$	

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2021 are as follows:

#### Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021(3) (the Bonds)

#### **Bond Proceeds**

The District issued the Bonds on April 28, 2021, in the par amount of \$17,942,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to: (i) finance the costs of constructing public improvements related to the development; and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

#### **Details of the Bonds**

The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.250% per annum and are payable annually on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021, but only to the extent of available Pledged Revenue. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2050 and are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of available Pledged Revenue.

The Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest. Unpaid interest on the Bonds compounds annually on each December 1. In the event any amounts due and owing on the Bonds remain outstanding on December 1, 2060, such amounts shall be extinguished and no longer due and outstanding.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Optional Redemption**

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium				
June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	3.00%				
June 1, 2027, to May 31, 2028	2.00				
June 1, 2028, to May 31, 2029	1.00				
June 1, 2029, and thereafter	0.00				

#### **Pledged Revenue**

The Bonds are secured by and payable from moneys derived by the District from the following sources: (a) all Property Tax Revenues; (b) all Specific Ownership Tax Revenues; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund. "Property Tax Revenues" means all moneys derived from imposition by the District of the Required Mill Levy and does not include specific ownership taxes. Property Tax Revenues are net of the collection costs of the County and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County. "Specific Ownership Tax Revenues" means the specific ownership taxes remitted to the District as a result of its imposition of its Required Mill Levy.

#### Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District each year in an amount equal to 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation that occur on or after January 1, 2015) or such lesser amount that will generate Property Tax Revenues which, when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Bonds Fund, will pay the Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected.

#### **Bonds Debt Service**

The annual debt service requirements of the Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Pledged Revenue.

#### **Events of Default**

The District's outstanding Bonds related to governmental activities contain a provision that if any event of Default is to have occurred and if requested by the Owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding. Events of Default occurs if the District does not impose the Required Mill levy, defaults in the performance or observance of the Indenture or the Bond Resolution, and files a petition under bankruptcy laws.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Authorized Debt**

On May 5, 2020, the District's qualified electors approved indebtedness of \$200,000,000 for certain categories of Public Improvements, such as streets, park and recreation, water, sanitation/sewer, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, TV relay and translation and security and \$220,000,000 for refunding.

At December 31, 2021, with the issuance of the Bonds, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness remaining in the amount of \$182,025,000 for Public Improvements and \$220,000,000 for refunding.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt on behalf of the District for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service areas. The Amended Service Plan for the District limit the aggregate amount of debt that it may issue together with any debt issued by the District to \$25,000,000 (excluding refundings).

#### **Developer Advances**

The District entered into Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) and Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement with Toll Southwest, LLC (the Developer), in 2020, for the purpose of funding certain operation and maintenance expenses and construction and acquisition of public improvements (see Note 7).

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2021, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergencies \$ 4,900
Total Restricted Net Position \$ 4,900

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, of which a significant portion of these improvements will be conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs will be removed from the District's financial records.

#### NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

#### Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement with Toll Southwest, LLC

On January 30, 2020, the District entered into the Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement (the Agreement) with the Developer, pursuant to which the Developer agrees to make advances to the District the purpose of the acquisition, financing, construction, and installation of the Public Infrastructure in connection with development within the boundaries of the District. The District, upon the execution of the Agreement, agrees to acquire certain public infrastructure constructed or caused to be constructed by the Developer to be owned by the District or other governmental entities. The District agrees to repay these advances and reimburse the developer for the certified District eligible costs, together with accrued simple interest at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of payment or the date of the related acceptance resolution. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Developer advances or 20 years from the execution date. In the event of a breach or default of the Agreement, the non-defaulting party shall be entitled to exercise all remedies available.

### <u>Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) with Toll Southwest, LLC</u>

On January 30, 2020, the District entered into the Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) (the O&M Agreement) with Toll Southwest, LLC. Pursuant to the O&M Agreement, the Developer agrees to advance funds to the District, for operation and maintenance expenses, one or more sums of money, not exceed the aggregate of \$50,000 per annum for two years. The maximum amount to be advanced for Operations and Maintenance Expenses pursuant to this agreement is one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). The District agrees to repay these advances together with accrued interest at the rate of 6% per annum accruing from the date any such advance is made. The term of repayment under the O&M Agreement shall not extend beyond 20 years from the date of the O&M Agreement.

### <u>Clubhouse Joint Use and Operations Cost Sharing Agreement with Stone Creek</u> <u>Metropolitan District</u>

On August 25, 2021, the District entered into the Clubhouse Joint Use and Operations Cost Sharing Agreement (the Operation Agreement) with Stone Creek Metropolitan District (Stone Creek MD). Stone Creek MD and the District have determined that for reasons of economic efficiency and timeliness, it is in the best interest of the residents, property owners, and taxpayers of both Districts to enter into the Operations Agreement wherein both Stone Creek MD and the District will share in the management of the Clubhouse Improvements and pay their respective proportionate share of annual budgeted and approved operations and maintenance costs, inclusive of all legal costs, management costs, accountant costs, and other consulting fees (the Clubhouse O&M Costs). Stone Creek MD and the District agree the Clubhouse O&M Costs shall be allocated in proportion to the benefits the Clubhouse Improvements will provide to each District at full buildout (Stone Creek MD has up to 331 units; Cielo MD has up to 343 units). The District shall pay 51% of the Clubhouse O&M Costs.

#### NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property within the District is Toll Southwest, LLC. The Developer has advanced funds to the District. The members of the Board of Directors of the District hold direct or indirect ownership interests in the Toll Southwest, LLC or are otherwise associated with Toll Southwest, LLC and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. As and when required by law, each affected Board member files a written disclosure of any potential conflicts of interest with the District and the Colorado Secretary of State, and they refrain from voting on affected matters unless allowed by law.

#### NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

#### NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 5, 2020, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	inal Final Iget	Actu Amou		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES  Total Revenues	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES  Total Expenditures	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 <u> </u>				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$	

# CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bud	dget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
REVENUES					
Net Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,943	\$ 1,943	
Total Revenues	-	-	1,943	1,943	
EXPENDITURES					
General:					
Accounting	10,000	10,000	820	9,180	
Legal	5,000	5,000	2,300	2,700	
Debt Service:					
Bond Issue Costs	-	620,000	634,166	(14,166)	
Capital Projects:					
Engineering	25,000	25,000	14,536	10,464	
Capital Outlay	9,960,000	15,000,000	10,212,244	4,787,756	
Total Expenditures	10,000,000	15,660,000	10,864,066	4,795,934	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(10,000,000)	(15,660,000)	(10,862,123)	4,797,877	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advances	9,960,000	15,000,000	10,212,244	(4,787,756)	
Repay Developer Advances	(9,960,000)	(15,000,000)	(10,212,244)	4,787,756	
Bond Proceeds	10,000,000	19,000,000	17,942,000	(1,058,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources				((	
(Uses)	10,000,000	19,000,000	17,942,000	(1,058,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	3,340,000	7,079,877	3,739,877	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 3,340,000	\$ 7,079,877	\$ 3,739,877	

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

## CIELO METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Prior ar Assessed aluation for						Percent
Year Ended	Year Ended Current Year			Total Property Taxes				Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy		Levied	Levied			Collected	to Levied
2017	\$	2,660	60.000	\$	160	\$	160	100.00 %
2018		6,300	66.333		418		418	100.00
2019		3,580	66.333		237		237	100.00
2020		2,199,210	66.797		146,901		146,902	100.00
2021		2,201,830	66.797		147,076		147,161	100.06
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,	•			•				
2022	\$	2,204,150	66.796	\$	147,229			

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessment.