# ANNUAL REPORT FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2023 NEU TOWNE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Town Clerk of Town of Parker, via Email Division of Local Government, *via E-Filing Portal* 1313 Sherman Street Room 521 Denver, Colorado 80203

Office of the State Auditor, *via E-Filing Portal* 1525 Sherman Street, 7th Floor Denver, Colorado 80203 Douglas County Clerk and Recorder, via Email

The following information and documents (attached as exhibits) are provided for calendar year 2023 pursuant to Section V.B.II.3 of the Service Plan of the Neu Towne Metropolitan District (the "**District**") approved by the Town Council of the Town of Parker (the "**Town**") and filed with the District Court and Town Clerk:

# 1. Boundary changes made:

The District had no boundary changes in 2023.

# 2. Intergovernmental agreements entered into or terminated:

The District did not enter into or terminate any agreements with other governmental entities in 2023.

# **3.** Access information to obtain a copy of the Rules and Regulations:

No rules and regulations have been established as of December 31, 2023.

# 4. A summary of any litigation involving public improvements by the District:

There is no litigation, pending or threatened, against the District of which we are aware.

# 5. A narrative summary of the progress of the District in implementing its Service Plan for the report year:

The District was organized on November 18, 2004. No progress was made by the District during the 2023 fiscal year in connection with the implementation of the Service Plan, particularly the completion of any additional public improvements and facilities.

# 6. Audited financial statements of the District for the report year including a statement of financial condition (i.e., balance sheet) as of December 31 of the report year and the statement of operations (i.e., revenues and expenditures) for the report year:

The audited financial statements for 2023 are attached as Exhibit A.

7. Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the capital expenditures incurred by the District in development of public facilities in the report year, as well as any capital improvements or projects proposed to be undertaken in the five (5) years following the report year:

The amount of capital improvement expenditures as of December 31, 2023 was \$0. Substantially all infrastructure was completed in 2004 with completion of a pool facility and related park and recreation improvements completed in 2020.

8. Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the financial obligations of the District at the end of the report year, including the amount of outstanding indebtedness, the amount and terms of any new District indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the amount of payment or retirement of existing indebtedness of the District in the report year, the total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District as of January 1 of the report year and the current mill levy of the District pledged to debt retirement in the report year:

Detailed information on the District indebtedness, included without limitation the District's Series 2018A General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds in the principal amount of \$8,715,000 and Series 2018B Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$2,285,000 dated as of May 10, 2018, is included in the District's Audited financial statements for 2023.

See <u>Exhibit B</u> for the District's assessed valuation for the report year, which was \$14,397,200, as determined by the Douglas County Assessor. For fiscal year 2023, the District certified a total mill levy of 42.448 mills, of which 3.265 mills was for general operating expenses and 39.183 mills was for debt service.

# 9. The District's budget for the calendar year in which the annual report is submitted:

Attached as <u>Exhibit C</u> is the adopted budget of the District for fiscal year 2023.

# **10.** A summary of residential and commercial development in the District for the report year:

The District does not have a summary on any residential or commercial development that occurred in the District in 2023.

# 11. A summary of all fees, charges and assessments imposed by the District as of January 1 of the report year:

The District did not collect any facility fees in 2023.

# 12. Certification of the Board that no action, event or condition enumerated in Section 10.11.060 has occurred in the report year:

Attached as Exhibit D is a response to the Certification required under the Service Plan.

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# 13. The name, business address and telephone number of each member of the Board and its chief administrative officer and general counsel, together with the date, place and time of the regular meetings of the Board:

Attached as  $\underline{\text{Exhibit E}}$  is a directory of the Board of Directors, chief administrative officer and general counsel for the District. The Board holds special meetings as needed.

Respectfully submitted this <u>26th</u> day of August, 2024.

NEU TOWNE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT By: Lary Haugen 4716E0C42D994BC Chair

cc: Board of Directors, Neu Towne Metropolitan District Colorado Division of Local Government Colorado State Auditor

# EXHIBIT A 2023 AUDITED FINANCIALS

**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended December 31, 2023

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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3615 Delgany St. Suite 500 Denver, CO 80216

Board of Directors Neu Towne Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Neu Towne Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Neu Towne Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wippei LLP

Wipfli LLP Denver, Colorado

July 24, 2024

#### BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

			DL					Statement
	C	General	Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total	Adjustments	of Net Position
ASSETS		Jeneral	Service		riojecis	<u>10tai</u>	Adjustments	rosition
	\$	98,166	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 98,166	\$ -	\$ 98,166
Cash and investments - restricted		592	693,965		77,263	771,820	-	771,820
Receivable county treasurer		282	3,383		-	3,665	-	3,665
Property taxes receivable		47,985	807,164		-	855,149	-	855,149
Prepaid expenses		2,671	-		-	2,671	-	2,671
Capital assets not being depreciated		-	 -		-	 -	2,644,642	 2,644,642
Total Assets	\$	149,696	\$ 1,504,512	\$	77,263	\$ 1,731,471	2,644,642	 4,376,113
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	48,019	\$ -	\$	46,949	\$ 94,968	-	94,968
Retainage payable		-	-		30,736	30,736	-	30,736
Accrued interest on bonds		-	-		-	-	1,236,681	1,236,681
Long-term liabilities								
Due within one year		-	-		-	-	120,000	120,000
Due in more than one year			 _	_		 _	12,146,462	 12,146,462
Total Liabilities		48,019	 		77,685	 125,704	13,503,143	 13,628,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred property taxes		47,985	 807,164	_	-	 855,149		 855,149
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		47,985	 807,164			 855,149		 855,149
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid expenses		2,671	-		-	2,671	(2,671)	-
Restricted for:							,	
Debt service		-	697,348		-	697,348	(697,348)	-
Emergencies		592	-		-	592	(592)	-
Unassigned		50,429	 -	_	(422)	 50,007	(50,007)	 -
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		53,692	 697,348		(422)	 750,618	(750,618)	 
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	149,696	\$ 1,504,512	\$	77,263	\$ 1,731,471		
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Emergencies							592	592
Unrestricted:							(10,108,475)	 (10,108,475)
Total Net Position (Deficit)							\$ (10,107,883)	\$ (10,107,883)

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<u>(</u>	General	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting and audit	\$	11,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,205	\$ -	\$ 11,205
Election expense					-	-	-
Insurance		2,871	-	-	2,871	-	2,871
Legal		16,036	-	-	16,036	-	16,036
Treasurer's fees		705	8,466	-	9,171	-	9,171
Utilities		7,711	-	-	7,711	-	7,711
Capital improvements		-	-	14,060	14,060	(14,060)	-
Bond principal		-	85,000	-	85,000	(85,000)	-
Bond interest expense		-	461,863	-	461,863	247,933	709,796
Paying agent fees		-	6,000	-	6,000	-	6,000
Developer advance interest expense			 -	 -	 -	45,461	45,461
Total Expenditures		38,528	 561,329	 14,060	 613,917	194,334	808,251
GENERAL REVENUES							
Property taxes		47,007	564,126	-	611,133	-	611,133
Specific ownership taxes		4,359	52,314	-	56,673	-	56,673
Interest and other income		24,799	 39,497	 10,687	 74,983		74,983
Total General Revenues		76,165	 655,937	 10,687	 742,789		742,789
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		37,637	94,608	(3,373)	128,872	(128,872)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						(65,462)	(65,462)
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							
BEGINNING OF YEAR		16,055	 602,740	 2,951	 621,746	(10,664,167)	(10,042,421)
END OF YEAR	\$	53,692	\$ 697,348	\$ (422)	\$ 750,618	<u>\$ (10,858,501)</u>	<u>\$ (10,107,883)</u>

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# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Variance
	Original & Fina	Favorable	
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	ф <u>17</u> 007	ф <b>17</b> 007	¢
Property taxes	\$ 47,007	\$ 47,007	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	3,290	4,359	1,069
Interest and other income	100	24,799	24,699
Total Revenues	50,397	76,165	25,768
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and audit	5,000	11,205	(6,205)
Insurance	3,500	2,871	629
Legal	10,000	16,036	(6,036)
Maintenance/Utilities	10,000	7,711	2,289
Miscellaneous expenses	500	-	500
Treasurer's fees	705	705	-
Capital improvements	20,000	-	20,000
Contingency	21,719	-	21,719
Emergency reserve	591		591
Total Expenditures	72,015	38,528	33,487
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(21,618)	37,637	59,255
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,618	16,055	(5,563)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 53,692	<u>\$ 53,692</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Neu Towne Metropolitan District (the "District"), located in Douglas County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

#### Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on November 18, 2004, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to provide street, traffic and safety, water, sanitary sewer, and parks and recreation improvements and facilities within and without the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The total appropriations were amended in the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2023, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

# Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

#### Original Issue Premium

Original issue premium from the Series 2018A Bonds are being amortized over the term of the Series 2018A Bonds using the interest method. Accumulated amortization of original issue premium amounted to \$11,331 at December 31, 2023.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. All property and equipment will be conveyed to the Town of Parker ("Town") upon completion and final acceptance by the Town. Upon completion and final acceptance by the Town, the majority of capital assets, except for park and recreation and landscaping improvements, will be conveyed to the Town and Parker Water and Sanitation District.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2023.

#### Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year.

The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

#### Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$592 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$697,348 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2018A Bonds (see Note 4).

#### Committed Fund Balance

Committed fund balance is the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

#### Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all funds can report negative amounts.

#### Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, a portion of which have been conveyed and/or will be conveyed to other governmental entities.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2023, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 98,166
Cash and investments -restricted	771,820
	\$ <u>869,986</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 5,088
Investments – COLOTRUST	<u>864,898</u>
	\$ <u>869,986</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District does not have a formal policy for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Investments

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

#### Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investment:

#### COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2023, the District had \$864,898 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023, follows:

	Balance 1/1/2023	Add	itions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2023
Governmental Type Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$1,396,684	\$ 1	4,060	\$	- \$1,410,744
Landscape improvements	1,233,898				- 1,233,898
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated:	2,630,582	1	4,060		- 2,644,642
Government type assets, net	\$2,630,582	<u>\$</u> 1	4,060	\$	- \$2,644,642

Upon completion and final acceptance by the Town of Parker, the majority of capital assets, except for park and recreation and landscaping improvements, will be conveyed by the District to the Town and Parker Water and Sanitation District. Improvements that are conveyed are not depreciated.

#### Note 4: Long-term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

\$8,715,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A and \$2,285,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018B On May 10, 2018, the District issued \$8,715,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A ("Series 2018A Bonds") and \$2,285,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018B ("Series 2018B Bonds"), for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of refunding the Series 2004 Bonds, paying for public improvements and paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds, and, with respect to the Series 2018A Bonds only, funding a reserve fund and funding capitalized interest. The Series 2018A Bonds bear interest at the rates of 5.125% and 5.375%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2018. The Series 2018B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.750%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2018, to the extent that Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available. The Series 2018A Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2022 and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on December 1, 2023, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The Series 2018A Bonds maturing on December 1, 2031 (the "Improvement Bonds") shall be subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption at the option of the District, in whole, within 45 days after such date at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Improvement Bonds, plus accrued interest to the redemption date (without any premium), and the Trustee shall transfer the amounts in the Construction Fund (as defined below) into the Senior Bond Fund (along with any amounts in the Capitalized Interest Account) and utilize such amounts to effect such mandatory extraordinary redemption of the Improvement Bonds.

The Series 2018A Bonds are secured by the Senior Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Senior Required Mill Levy, all facility fees, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. The Series 2018A Bonds are also secured by the Senior Reserve Fund. The Series 2018B Bonds are secured by the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the senior Surplus Fund after the termination of such fund pursuant to the Senior Indenture, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District.

The Series 2018B Bonds are "cash flow" bonds meaning that no regularly scheduled principal payments are due prior to the maturity date, and interest not paid will accrue and compound until there is sufficient Subordinate Pledged Revenue for payment. In the event any amounts due and owing on the Series 2018B Bonds remain outstanding on December 15, 2057, such amounts shall be deemed discharged and shall no longer be due and outstanding.

Subsequent to year end the District refunded both the 2018 A Bonds and the 2018 B Bonds see Note 9 for further information.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2023:

	Balance						Balance	(	Current
	 1/1/2023	Ac	lditions	D	eletions	12/31/2023		]	Portion
General Obligation Bonds									
Series 2018A	\$ 8,660,000	\$	-	\$	85,000	\$	8,575,000	\$	120,000
Series 2018B	2,285,000		-		-		2,285,000		-
Reoffering premium	 33,862				2,028		31,834		-
Total	 10,978,862				87,028		10,891,834		120,000
<u>Other</u>									
Operating Advances	42,256		-		-		42,256		-
Operating Advances - Interest	49,068		3,064		-		52,132		-
Capital Advances	584,783		-		-		584,783		-
Capital Advances - Interest	 653,060		42,397				695,457		
Total	 1,329,167		45,461				1,374,628		-
	\$ 12,308,029	\$	45,461	\$	87,028	\$	12,266,462	\$	120,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

See Note 5 for additional information on the Operating Advances, and Capital Advances, along with the interest related to both.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2018A Bonds. Because of the uncertainty in the timing of the payment on the Series 2018B Bonds, no future maturity schedule is presented.

	 Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 120,000	\$ 457,506	\$ 577,506
2025	120,000	451,356	571,356
2026	145,000	445,206	590,206
2027	150,000	437,775	587,775
2028	180,000	430,088	610,088
2029-2033	1,140,000	1,995,075	3,135,075
2034-2038	1,715,000	1,635,881	3,350,881
2039-2043	2,505,000	1,097,306	3,602,306
2044-2048	 2,500,000	 298,313	 2,798,313
	\$ 8,575,000	\$ 7,248,506	\$ 15,823,506

As of December 31, 2023, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$40,725,000. The District has not budgeted to issue any additional debt in 2024. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$11,000,000.

#### Note 5: <u>Agreements</u>

The District has entered into various agreements with Neumann Homes of Colorado, L.L.C. (the "Developer") concerning reimbursement of Developer advances for payment of operations and maintenance expenses, and reimbursement of Developer advances for payment of capital expenditures, and acquisition of public infrastructure designed, constructed and installed by the Developer. During 2007 the Developer filed for bankruptcy protection resulting in the non-payment of the facility fees as well as property taxes. During 2008, the Developer's lender initiated foreclosure procedures with the Public Trustee to sell the property and taxes that have been subsequently received. The District attempted to negotiate a new funding agreement with the Developer's lender, without success.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Funding Agreement

The District entered into a Funding Agreement (the "Funding Agreement") with the Developer setting forth terms for the reimbursement of organizational, capital, operations, and maintenance costs advanced by the Developer to, or on behalf of the District. The maximum funding obligation of the Developer with respect to Advances and Funding Shortfall is \$7,887,000 unless otherwise approved by the Developer. As of December 31, 2023, the Developer had advanced \$627,039 for operations and capital expenditures. In addition, the District owes \$747,589 in interest at 7.25%.

Amounts due under the Funding Agreement and Shortfall Amounts can be reimbursed to the Developer from any future Bond proceeds and other legally available revenues if and when available. Developer Advances do not constitute a debt of the District within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and are subordinate in all respects to all District bonds, including the bonds, or other multiple fiscal year debt and financial obligations of any nature.

#### Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement for Infrastructure Improvements

The District and the Developer entered into an Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement for Infrastructure Improvements (the "Acquisition Agreement") setting forth streets, landscaping, storm drainage, water and sewer, safety protection, and other public improvements (the "Improvements") which will be funded, constructed and completed by the Developer and acquired by the District or the Town to serve the Development. The Improvements will be constructed and funded by the District in accordance with the limitations set forth in the Service Plan. The costs of completion of the Improvements (the "Reimbursement Costs") due under the Acquisition Agreement will, if feasible, be paid from Bond proceeds and other legally available revenues. Reimbursement Costs may include all costs incurred in connection with the organization of the District and construction costs and expenses incurred for planning, design, engineering, surveying, and legal services relating thereto together with interest thereon from the date of transfer of the Improvements to the District, the Water District or the Town at an annual rate as set forth in the Acquisition Agreement. Amounts due under the Acquisition Agreement may also be paid from other legally available revenues of the Districts on a basis subordinate to the repayment of the Bonds.

#### Public Improvement Agreement.

The District has entered into a Public Improvement Agreement with Pacific North Enterprises, LLC ("Pacific North") effective as of August 18, 2017 as amended effective as of December 31, 2017 (the "Public Improvement Agreement"). Pursuant to the Public Improvement Agreement, Pacific North agreed to construct an enhanced community pool within the District and to include the Inclusion Parcel within the District. In accordance with the Public Improvement Agreement, the District agreed to reimburse Pacific North for the costs of constructing the enhanced pool out of the proceeds of the Bonds. The amount of such reimbursement is set forth in the Public

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Improvement Agreement and is generally based upon the amount of the proceeds of the Bonds available for public improvement projects. In addition, the District agreed to assign to Pacific North 100 Single Family Facility Fee Credits. Pacific North shall be entitled to use such credits directly or to convey such credits to other builders who may use the credits to offset District Facility Fees due in connection with the builder's projects within the District.

# Facility Fees

On December 16, 2004, the District passed a resolution to establish facility fees. The fee was established at \$2,000 per detached single-family residence and \$1,000 per attached single-family residence. The fee is due prior to the issuance of a building permit.

On December 21, 2004, the District and the Developer entered into an agreement whereby the Developer, in the event that Facility Fees were not paid to the District in the amounts and by the dates set forth in the schedule included in the agreement was to pay any shortfall amount immediately upon receipt of notice from the District. As noted above, during 2007 the Developer filed for bankruptcy and did not remit the balance due per the above Facility Fee Agreement. The District had attempted to negotiate a facility fee agreement with the Developer's lender, a failed Texas bank, but had no success in that regard. During 2009, the District received \$92,000 from the Developer's lender under the Facility Fee Agreement.

During 2023, the District did not collect any Facility Fees from the current homebuilder in the District.

#### Note 6: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR") contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

#### Note 7: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the "Pool") is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### Note 8: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The <u>Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Assets</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, accrued bond interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The <u>Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities; and
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities.

# Note 9: <u>Subsequent Event</u>

On March 21, 2024, the District issued \$12,115,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2024 ("Series 2024 Bonds"). for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of refunding the Series 2018A Bonds and the Series 2018B Bonds and paying the cost of issuance of the Series 2024 Bonds. The Series 2024 Bonds bear interest at the rates of 4.375% and 5.000%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2024.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Variance				
	Origi	inal & Final		Favorable		
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	564,125	\$	564,126	\$	1
Specific ownership taxes		39,489		52,314		12,825
Interest and other income		4,000		39,497		35,497
Total Revenues		607,614		655,937		48,323
EXPENDITURES						
Treasurer's fees		8,462		8,466		(4)
Bond principal		85,000		85,000		-
Bond interest expense		461,863		461,863		-
Legal/Accounting/Audit		5,000		-		5,000
Paying agent fees		6,000		6,000		
Total Expenditures		566,325		561,329		4,996
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		41,289		94,608		53,319
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		589,768		602,740	. <u> </u>	12,972
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	631,057	\$	697,348	\$	66,291

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Interest and other income	\$ -	\$ 10,688	\$ 10,687	<u>\$ (1)</u>
Total Revenues		10,688	10,687	(1)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital improvements		15,000	14,060	940
Total Expenditures		15,000	14,060	940
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(4,312)	(3,373)	939
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,500	2,951	(1,549)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 188</u>	<u>\$ (422)</u>	<u>\$ (610)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# Neu Towne Metropolitan District

# SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Prior						
	Ye	ear Assessed						
		Valuation						
	f	or Current						Percent
Year Ended	Ye	Year Property Mills Levied			<b>Total Pro</b>	Collected		
December 31,		<u>Tax Levy</u>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>Service</u>	Levied	<u>C</u>	Collected	to Levied
2006	\$	787,450	3.000	30.500	\$ 26,379	\$	26,386	100.03%
2000	\$	1,810,160	3.000	35.000	\$ 68,786	\$	31,856	46.31%
2007	\$	4,575,480	3.000	35.000	\$ 173,868	\$	208,169	119.73%
2009	\$	4,371,030	3.000	35.000	\$ 166,099	\$	149,043	89.73%
2010	\$	3,699,840	3.000	35.000	\$ 140,594	\$	142,992	101.71%
2011	\$	3,681,510	3.000	35.000	\$ 139,897	\$	156,026	111.53%
2012	\$	2,923,390	3.000	35.000	\$ 111,089	\$	611,133	550.13%
2013	\$	3,188,800	3.000	35.000	\$ 121,174	\$	111,392	91.93%
2014	\$	3,076,615	3.000	35.000	\$ 116,911	\$	113,621	97.19%
2015	\$	3,728,230	3.000	35.000	\$ 141,673	\$	144,970	102.33%
2016	\$	4,572,800	3.000	35.000	\$ 173,766	\$	173,767	100.00%
2017	\$	4,808,420	3.000	35.000	\$ 182,720	\$	182,720	100.00%
2018	\$	5,921,410	3.265	38.099	\$ 244,933	\$	244,934	100.00%
2019	\$	7,220,090	3.265	38.099	\$ 298,652	\$	298,627	99.99%
2020	\$	9,579,310	3.265	38.099	\$ 396,239	\$	396,238	100.00%
2021	\$	11,004,390	3.265	38.099	\$ 455,185	\$	455,210	100.01%
2022	\$	13,586,330	3.265	38.099	\$ 561,985	\$	562,080	100.02%
2023	\$	14,397,200	3.265	39.183	\$ 611,132	\$	611,133	100.00%
		, ,			,		,	
Estimated for year ending December 31,								
2024	\$	18,335,880	2.617	44.021	\$ 855,149			

#### NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

# EXHIBIT B CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION

# CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY DOUGLAS COUNTY ASSESSOR

Name of Jurisdiction: 4460 - Neu Towne Metro District

IN DOUGLAS COUNTY ON 12/22/2023

New Entity: No

#### USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATIONS (5.5% LIMIT) ONLY

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1),C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTALVALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN DOUGLAS COUNTY. COLORADO

1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$14,397,200
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: *	\$18,335,880
3.	LESS TIF DISTRICT INCREMENT, IF ANY:	<u>\$0</u>
4.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$18,335,880
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: **	\$2,150
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINES: #	<u>\$0</u>
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	<u>\$0</u>
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: #	<u>\$0</u>
9.	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD ## OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b) C.R.S.):	<u>\$0</u>
10.	TAXES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1))(a) C.R.S.):	\$0.00
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a) C.R.S.) and (39-10-114(1)(a)(I)(B) C.R.S.):	\$0.00

\* This value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X, Sec.20(8)(b),Colo.

\*\* New construction is defined as: Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure.

# Jurisdiction must submit respective certifications (Forms DLG 52 AND 52A) to the Division of Local Government in order for the values to be treated as growth in the limit calculation.

## Jurisdiction must apply (Forms DLG 52B) to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit calculation.

#### USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-121(2)(b),C.R.S.	THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES								
THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO ON AUGUST 25, 2023									
	¢070.000.004								

1.	CORRENT TEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY.	<u>\$270,299,901</u>
	ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	
2.	CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: !	\$32,145
3.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	<u>\$0</u>
4.	INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: %	<u>\$0</u>
5.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	<u>\$0</u>
6.	OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	<u>\$0</u>
7.	TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT:	<u>\$0</u>
	(If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omit	ted property.)

DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:

<u>\$0</u>
<u>\$0</u>
<u>\$0</u>

@ This includes the actual value of all taxable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property.

! Construction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures.

DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSION: PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY:

% Includes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES	
TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS : 1. TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY:>	<u>\$0</u>
NOTE: All levies must be Certified to the Board of County Commissioners NO LATER THAN DECE	MBER 15, 2023
IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5)C.R.S. THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:	
HB21-1312 ASSESSED VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): **	<u>\$0</u>
** The tax revenue lost due to this exempted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer in accordance with 39-3-119 f(3). C.R.S.	

8.

9.

10.

# EXHIBIT C BUDGET

# NEU TOWNE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2024 BUDGET MESSAGE

Attached please find a copy of the adopted 2024 budget for the Neu Towne Metropolitan District.

The Neu Towne Metropolitan District has adopted two funds, a General Fund to provide for general operating expenditures; and a Debt Service Fund to provide for payments on the general obligation bonds.

The district's accountants have utilized the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the budget has been adopted after proper postings, publications and public hearing.

The primary source of revenue for the district in 2024 will be property taxes. The district intends to impose a 46.638 mill levy on the property within the district in 2024, of which 2.617 mills will be dedicated to the General Fund and the balance of 44.021 mills will be allocated to the Debt Service Fund.

#### Neu Towne Metropolitan District Adopted Budget General Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>			Adopted Budget Actual <u>2023</u> 6/30/2023			Es	stimated <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>	
Beginning fund balance	\$	50,519	\$	21,618	\$	16,055	\$	16,055	\$	32,660
Revenues:										
Property taxes		44,367		47,007		46,548		47,000		47,985
Specific ownership taxes		3,956		3,290		2,179		4,200		3,359
Interest & other income		31		100		4		10		100
Misc income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		48,354		50,397		48,731		51,210		51,444
Total funds available		98,873		72,015		64,786		67,265		84,104
Expenditures:										
Accounting / audit		8,224		5,000		2,779		10,000		5,000
Insurance		2,767		3,500		2,871		2,900		3,500
Legal		10,585		10,000		5,528		10,000		10,000
Miscellaneous		-		500		-		1,000		500
Treasurer's fees		666		705		698		705		720
Utilities		10,838		10,000		4,979		10,000		10,000
Landscape improvements		49,738		20,000		-		-		20,000
Emergency reserve (3%)		-		591		-		-		592
Contingency		-		21,719		-		-		33,792
Total expenditures		82,818		72,015		16,855		34,605		84,104
Ending fund balance	\$	16,055	\$	-	\$	47,931	\$	32,660	\$	-
Assessed Valuation			\$	14,397,200			_		\$	18,335,880
Mill levy				3.265	:					2.617

#### Neu Towne Metropolitan District Adopted Budget Capital Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	,	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>		Actual <u>6/30/2023</u>	Estimate <u>2023</u>	ed	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>	
Beginning fund balance	\$	61,518	\$	- :	\$-	\$	-	\$	-
Revenues: Judgement settlement Interest income		469		-	-		-		-
Total revenues		469		-	-		-		-
Total funds available		61,987		-	-		-		-
Expenditures: Legal / accounting Capital Expenditures		- 61,987		-	-		-		-
Total expenditures		61,987		-	-		-		-
Ending fund balance	\$	-	\$	- :	\$-	\$	-	\$	-

#### Neu Towne Metropolitan District Adopted Budget Debt Service Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Adopted Actual Budget Actual Estimated <u>2022 2023 6/30/2023 2023</u>					Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>		
Beginning fund balance	\$	564,086	\$	602,738	\$	602,738	\$ 602,738	\$ 988,445
Revenues:								
Property taxes		517,713		564,125		558,615	564,100	807,164
Specific ownership taxes		46,157		39,489		26,150	52,000	56,501
Interest income		12,234		4,000		16,417	20,000	4,000
Total revenues		576,104		607,614		601,182	636,100	867,665
Total funds available		1,140,190		1,210,352		1,203,920	1,238,838	1,856,110
Expenditures:								
Bond interest-Series 2018A		464,681		461,863		230,931	230,931	457,506
Bond principal-Series 2018A		55,000		85,000		, _	-	120,000
Subordinate bond payment		-		-		-	-	90,000
Legal & Audit		4,000		5,000		-	5,000	5,000
Paying agent fees		6,000		6,000		-	6,000	6,000
Treasurer fees		7,771		8,462		8,380	8,462	12,107
Total expenditures		537,452		566,325		239,311	250,393	690,613
Ending fund balance	\$	602,738	\$	644,027	\$	964,609	\$ 988,445	\$ 1,165,497
Assessed Valuation			\$	14,397,200				\$ 18,335,880
Mill Levy				39.183	:			 44.021
Total Mill levy				42.448	:			 46.638

# EXHIBIT D CERTIFICATION

The Board of Directors of the Neu Towne Metropolitan District hereby certifies that no action, event or condition enumerated in Section 10.11.060 of the Parker Municipal Code as set forth below occurred in the 2023 report year, except as specifically noted below:

1. The failure of the District to develop, cause to be developed or consent to the development by others of any capital facility proposed in its Service Plan when necessary to service approved development within the District.

2. The development of any capital facility in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) in cost, which is not either identified in the Service Plan or authorized by the Town in the course of a separate development approval, excluding bona fide cost projection miscalculations, and state or federally mandated improvements, particularly water or sanitation facilities.

3. The occurrence of any event or condition which is defined under the Service Plan or in an intergovernmental agreement as necessitating a Service Plan amendment.

4. A material default by the District under any intergovernmental agreement with the Town.

5. Any of the events or conditions enumerated in Section 32-1-207(2), C.R.S., as amended; except, however, that such Section includes as a condition "a decrease in the financial ability of the district to discharge the existing or proposed indebtedness," and due to Neumann's bankruptcy and the modest resumption of development activity, the growth of assessed valuation within the District in the Report year was insufficient to pay all debt service due on the District's Series 2004 Bonds. The District is evaluating the feasibility of refinancing the Series 2004 Bonds.

6. As of December 31, 2012, the District has failed to make required debt service payments due and owing on the Series 2004 Bonds in the report year in the approximate amount of \$261,000. Because the District imposed a maximum tax levy of 35 mills as required under the Bond Indenture and authorized in the Service Plan, the Series 2004 bondholders have no right to take any action under the Bond Indenture, and the Series 2004 Bonds are not in default.

7. The District failed to realize at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the development revenues (including developer contributions, loans or advances) projected in the financial portion of the Service Plan during the three-year period ending with the 2007 report year and contained in all reports thereafter. The bankruptcy of the original developer Neumann Homes of Colorado, in 2007 impaired the District's ability to collect this revenue. The Neumann property has been foreclosed and sold to PNE. The collection of facility fees resumed in 2015. The District did not collect any facility fees in 2023.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, Karly Haugen, Chair of the Neu Towne Metropolitan District in Douglas County, Colorado, certify the above information as of the \_\_\_\_ day of August, 2024.

NEU TOWNE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Signed by: karly Haugen By:

Chair of the District

# EXHIBIT E DISTRICT DIRECTORY

# **Board of Directors**

Karly Haugen, President 11259 S Cedar Gulch Ln #E Parker, CO 80134 Four vacancies

# **Chief Administrative Officer**

None.

#### **General Counsel**

Matthew P. Ruhland Cockrel Ela Glesne Greher & Ruhland, P.C. 44 Cook Street, Suite 620 Denver, Colorado 80206 303-218-7200