CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TOWN OF CASTLE ROCK, COLORADO

2021 ANNUAL REPORT

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan for Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the "District"), the District is required to submit an annual report to the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado (the "Town") which reflects activity and financial events of the District through the preceding December 31 (the "report year") and includes the following:

To the best of its actual knowledge, for the year ending December 31, 2021, the District makes the following report:

A. A narrative summary of the progress of the District in implementing its service plan for the report year.

The District has previously constructed and financed a large portion of the infrastructure necessary to serve the property within its boundaries. The construction of additional public infrastructure by the District has not been necessary.

B. Except when an exemption from audit has been granted for the report year under the Local Government Audit Law, the audited financial statements of the District for the report year including a statement of financial condition (i.e. balance sheet) as of December 31 of the report year and the statement of operations (i.e. revenues and expenditures) for the report year.

A copy of the audit for the District for the year ending December 31, 2021 is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

C. <u>Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the capital expenditures incurred by the District in development of public facilities in the report year, as well as any capital improvements or projects proposed to be undertaken in the five (5) years following the report year.</u>

There were no capital expenditures in 2021 and there are no planned improvements scheduled for the District in the next 5 years.

D. <u>Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the financial obligations of the District at the end of the report year, including the amount of outstanding indebtedness, the amount and terms of any new District indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the amount of payment or retirement of existing indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District as of January 1 of the report year, and the current mill levy of the District pledged to debt retirement in the report year.</u>

A summary of the financial obligations of the District can be found in the 2022 budget attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

E. <u>The District's budget for the calendar year in which the annual report is</u> submitted.

A copy of the District's 2022 budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

F. A summary of residential and commercial development that has occurred within the District for the report year.

Development was complete as of January 1, 2019.

No residential or commercial development occurred in 2021.

G. A summary of all fees, charges and assessments imposed by the District as of January 1 of the report year.

The District did not impose any fees, charges, or assessments in 2021.

H. <u>Certification of the Boards that no action, event, or condition of Section 11.02.060</u> (Material Modification of Service Plan) has occurred in the report year.

The Certificate is attached as **Exhibit C**.

I. <u>The names, business addresses and phone numbers of all members of the Board and its chief administrative officer and general counsel, together with the date, place and time of the regular meetings of the board.</u>

Board of Directors:

Christopher Pratt 100 Third Street Castle Rock, CO 80104 303-660-7338

Regular Meetings:

Date: June 1, 2022 and November 2, 2022

Place: Via teleconference

Time: 6:00 p.m.

General Counsel:

Kristin B. Tompkins, Esq.
WHITE BEAR ANKELE TANAKA & WALDRON
Attorneys at Law
2154 E Commons Ave, Suite 2000
Centennial, CO 80122

EXHIBIT A

2021 Audit

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Castle Oaks Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

I

Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information (together, the information) as identified in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and legal compliance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Greenwood Village, Colorado April 18, 2022

Fiscal focus Partners, LLC



CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Activities
Cash and Investments	\$ 385,664
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,246,515
Property Taxes Receivable	1,572,509
Receivable from County Treasurer	10,312
Total Assets	3,215,000
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	5,771
Accrued Interest Payable	56,025
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	485,000
Due in More Than One Year	14,960,327
Total Liabilities	15,507,123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,572,509
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,572,509
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	3,100
Debt Service	1,197,071
Unrestricted	(15,064,803)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (13,864,632)</u>

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

					Program I	Revenues			(Exp	Revenue bense) and hange in t Position
	E	xpenses	Charg for Service		Oper Grant	ating	Grant	oital ts and outions	Gov	vernmental activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Government Activities:										
General Government Interest and Related Costs	\$	49,806	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(49,806)
on Long-Term Debt		640,177								(640,177)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	689,983	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>		(689,983)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues									1,514,482 146,054 1,273 1,661,809	
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION									971,826
	Net Position - Beginning of Year							(^	14,836,458)	
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YE	AR					\$ (*	13,864,632)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

400570	 General	Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Property Taxes Receivable Receivable from County Treasurer	\$ 385,664 3,100 96,276 631	\$ 1,243,415 1,476,233 9,681	\$	385,664 1,246,515 1,572,509 10,312
Total Assets	\$ 485,671	\$ 2,729,329	\$	3,215,000
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,771	\$ _	\$	5,771
Total Liabilities	5,771	-		5,771
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	96,276	 1,476,233		1,572,509
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 96,276	1,476,233		1,572,509
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted For:				
Emergency Reserves	3,100	-		3,100
Debt Service	-	1,253,096		1,253,096
Unassigned	380,524	 		380,524
Total Fund Balances	 383,624	 1,253,096		1,636,720
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,				
and Fund Balances	\$ 485,671	\$ 2,729,329		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported				
in the funds.				(4.4.000.000)
Bonds Payable				(14,660,000)
Bonds Premium				(785,327)
Accrued Bond Interest Payable				(56,025)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	(13,864,632)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General			Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES			_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	92,723	\$	1,421,759	\$	1,514,482
Specific Ownership Taxes		8,942		137,112		146,054
Net Investment Income		227		1,046		1,273
Total Revenues		101,892		1,559,917		1,661,809
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		18,310		-		18,310
Audit		5,400		-		5,400
County Treasurer's Fees		1,391		21,335		22,726
Insurance and Bonds		3,439		-		3,439
Dues and Subscriptions		327		-		327
Legal		19,989		-		19,989
Website		950		-		950
Debt Service:						
Paying Agent Fees		-		3,500		3,500
Bond Principal - Series 2018		-		465,000		465,000
Bond Interest - Series 2018		-		690,900		690,900
Total Expenditures		49,806		1,180,735		1,230,541
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		52,086		379,182		431,268
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		331,538		873,914		1,205,452
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	383,624	\$	1,253,096	\$	1,636,720

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 431,268
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items as follows:	
Current Year Bond Principal Payment	465,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Amortization of Bond Premium	74,008
Accrued Interest on Debt - Change in Liability	 1,550

971,826

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ar	Original nd Final Budget	 Actual	Fina F	ance- with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	92,723	\$ 92,723	\$	-
Specific Ownership Taxes		7,418	8,942		1,524
Other Income		300	-		(300)
Net Investment Income		850	227		(623)
Total Revenues		101,291	101,892		601
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting		28,000	18,310		9,690
Audit		6,500	5,400		1,100
County Treasurer's Fees		1,391	1,391		-
Director's Fees		900	-		900
Insurance and Bonds		4,500	3,439		1,061
Dues and Subscriptions		500	327		173
Legal		30,000	19,989		10,011
Website		1,000	950		50
Contingency		2,909	_		2,909
Miscellaneous		300	_		300
Total Expenditures		76,000	49,806		26,194
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		25,291	52,086		26,795
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		327,573	 331,538		3,965
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	352,864	\$ 383,624	\$	30,760

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court for the County of Douglas on January 9, 2001 and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, mosquito control, safety protection, television relay and translation, and security.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as a deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Bond Issue Costs

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Bond Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 385,664
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 1,246,515
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,632,179

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consisted of the following:

Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 12,326
Investments	 1,619,853
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,632,179

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$12,326.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and Securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements Collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount			
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted-Average Under 60 Days	\$	385,838		
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average				
	Under 60 Days		1,234,015		
Total		\$	1,619,853		

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. Government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

		Balance -						Balance -		Due
	D	ecember 31,					D	ecember 31,		Within
		2020	Ac	lditions	Re	etirements		2021	(One Year
General Obligation Refunding										
Bonds, Series 2018	\$	15,125,000	\$	-	\$	465,000	\$	14,660,000	\$	485,000
Bond Premium - Series 2018		859,335		<u>-</u>		74,008		785,327		-
Total	\$	15,984,335	\$	-	\$	539,008	\$	15,445,327	\$	485,000

<u>Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Series 2018</u>

On October 24, 2018, the District refunded \$18,210,000 of Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015A and Series 2015B by the issuance of \$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (the Bonds). The proceeds were used for the purposes of: (i) repaying of the Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015A and Series 2015B and (ii) paying the costs of issuance on the Bonds. The Bonds are term bonds that bear interest at 5.00%, with a yield of 3.7815%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2040.

The Bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2028 are not subject to redemption prior to their respective maturity dates. The bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2029 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities. There is no redemption premium.

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of the monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Required Mill Levy (an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, but not in excess of 50.000 mills, as adjusted); (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property within the District each year in an amount sufficient, to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds as the same become due, but not in excess of 50 mills; provided; however, in the event the method of calculating assessed valuation is or was changed after September 28, 2000, the maximum mill levy of 50.000 mills will be increased or decreased to reflect such changes. These mill levies have been adjusted by the Board as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2000. The current adjusted mill levy is 68.111.

Additionally, the scheduled payment of the principal of and interest of the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy with Build America Mutual Assurance Company (BAM). BAM's financial strength is rated AA by S&P Global Ratings.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest			Total
2022	\$ 485,000	\$ 672,300		\$	1,157,300
2023	510,000	648,050			1,158,050
2024	535,000	622,550			1,157,550
2025	560,000	595,800			1,155,800
2026	590,000	567,800			1,157,800
2027-2031	3,420,000	2,365,750			5,785,750
2032-2036	4,355,000	1,430,400			5,785,400
2037-2040	 4,205,000	 428,800	_		4,633,800
Total	\$ 14,660,000	\$ 7,331,450		\$	21,991,450

Debt Authorization

At December 31, 2021, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amount allocated for the following purposes:

	-	Amount Authorized Authorized on Used November 7, Series		Used Series		uthorized but Unissued at December 31,	
		2000		2015 Loan	2	2018 Bonds	 2021
Public Improvements	\$	64,250,000	\$	29,177,640	\$	-	\$ 35,072,360
Intergovernmental Agreements		112,750,000		238,000		-	112,512,000
Operations and Maintenance		5,000,000		-		-	5,000,000
Refunding		68,750,000		25,434,360		16,415,000	 26,900,640
Total	\$	250,750,000	\$	54,850,000	\$	16,415,000	\$ 179,485,000

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2021, as follows:

	 overnmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergencies	\$ 3,100
Debt Service	 1,197,071
Total	\$ 1,200,171

NOTE 5 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, which were conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Intergovernmental Agreement

On October 28, 2002, as amended September 2, 2003, the District entered into an agreement with the Town of Castle Rock (the Town) whereby the District will finance and construct public improvements which are necessary to provide municipal services within the District's Boundaries as set forth in the Service Plan. Upon completion of the improvements, the District is required to convey the improvements to the Town. Upon acceptance, the Town is responsible for operation, maintenance, and repair of such improvements. The District imposes a development fee on property within its boundaries which equals the water and sewer fee of the Town plus a facility fee (Development Fee) to the District. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District retains the Town's water and sewer fee. The District is also permitted to impose ad valorem property taxes, rates, fees, or other revenue as set forth in the Service Plan.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 2000, the District's voters authorized the District to increase annual taxes \$500,000 annually without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	 Actual	Fin F	iance- with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,421,757	\$ 1,421,759	\$	2
Specific Ownership Taxes	113,741	137,112		23,371
Net Investment Income	2,600	 1,046		(1,554)
Total Revenues	1,538,098	1,559,917		21,819
EXPENDITURES				
Paying Agent Fees	6,000	3,500		2,500
County Treasurer's Fees	21,326	21,335		(9)
Bond Interest - Series 2018	690,900	690,900		-
Bond Principal - Series 2018	465,000	465,000		-
Contingency	5,774	-		5,774
Total Expenditures	1,189,000	1,180,735		8,265
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	349,098	379,182		30,084
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	865,286	873,914		8,628
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,214,384	\$ 1,253,096	\$	38,712

OTHER INFORMATION

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2021

Bonds and Interest

\$16,415,000 Taxable Refunding Loan Series 2018 Interest 5.00%

Dated October 24, 2018

Maturing	Interest Payable June 1 and December 1								
in the		Principal Payable December 1							
Year Ending December 31,	P	Principal		Interest	Total				
		_		_					
2022	\$	485,000	\$	672,300	\$	1,157,300			
2023		510,000		648,050		1,158,050			
2024		535,000		622,550		1,157,550			
2025		560,000		595,800		1,155,800			
2026		590,000		567,800		1,157,800			
2027		620,000		538,300		1,158,300			
2028		650,000		507,300		1,157,300			
2029		685,000		474,800		1,159,800			
2030		715,000		440,550		1,155,550			
2031		750,000		404,800		1,154,800			
2032		790,000		367,300		1,157,300			
2033		830,000		327,800		1,157,800			
2034		870,000		286,300		1,156,300			
2035		915,000		242,800		1,157,800			
2036		950,000		206,200		1,156,200			
2037		990,000		168,200		1,158,200			
2038		1,030,000		128,600		1,158,600			
2039		1,070,000		87,400		1,157,400			
2040		1,115,000		44,600		1,159,600			
Total	\$	14,660,000	\$	7,331,450	\$	21,991,450			

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Prior					
	Υe	ar Assessed					
		Valuation					
	f	or Current					Percentage
Year Ended	Y	ear Property	Mill	s Levied	Total Prop	perty Taxes	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2017	\$	23,228,460	4.00	0 46.000	\$ 1,161,423	\$ 1,161,415	100.00 %
2018		26,719,500	4.42	2 50.855	1,476,974	1,476,803	99.99
2019		27,354,180	4.42	2 46.000	1,379,252	1,379,254	100.00
2020		30,691,790	3.00	0 46.000	1,503,899	1,503,899	100.00
2021		30,907,760	3.00	0 46.000	1,514,480	1,514,482	100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,							
2022	\$	32,092,020	3.00	0 46.000	\$ 1,572,509		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.

EXHIBIT B

2022 Budget

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY 2022 BUDGET

WITH 2020 ACTUAL AND 2021 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2020		ESTIMATED 2021		BUDGET 2022
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$ 794,847	\$	1,205,452	\$	1,623,095
REVENUE					
Property taxes	1,503,899		1,514,480		1,572,509
Specific ownership tax	129,723		138,100		125,801
Interest income	8,198		1,396		3,570
Other revenue	-		-		500
Total revenue	1,641,820		1,653,976		1,702,380
Total funds available	2,436,667		2,859,428		3,325,475
EXPENDITURES					
General Fund	48,380		55,607		85,500
Debt Service Fund	1,182,835		1,180,726		1,188,500
Total expenditures	1,231,215		1,236,333		1,274,000
Total expenditures and transfers out					
requiring appropriation	 1,231,215		1,236,333		1,274,000
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,205,452	\$	1,623,095	\$	2,051,475
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$ 3,100	\$	3,100	\$	3,200
TOTAL RESERVE	\$ 3,100	\$	3,100	\$	3,200

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2022 BUDGET

WITH 2020 ACTUAL AND 2021 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

		ACTUAL	E:	STIMATED		BUDGET
		2020		2021		2022
ACCECCED VALUATION						
ASSESSED VALUATION Residential	¢	30,109,520	æ	30,615,160	Ф	31,806,520
State assessed	Ψ	6,000	φ	4,700	φ	4,700
Vacant land		201,060		-		-
Personal Property		375,210		287,900		280,800
		•		·		·
Certified Assessed Value	\$	30,691,790	\$	30,907,760	\$	32,092,020
MILL LEVY						
General		3.000		3.000		3.000
Debt Service		46.000		46.000		46.000
Total mill levy		49.000		49.000		49.000
PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	92,075	\$	92,723	\$	96,276
Debt Service	Ψ	1,411,824	Ψ	1,421,757	Ψ	1,476,233
Book Colvido		1,111,021		1, 121,707		1,170,200
Levied property taxes Adjustments to actual/rounding		1,503,899 -		1,514,480 -		1,572,509 -
Budgeted property taxes	\$	1,503,899	\$	1,514,480	\$	1,572,509
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES General Debt Service	\$	92,075 1,411,824	\$	92,723 1,421,757	\$	96,276 1,476,233
	\$	1,503,899	\$	1,514,480	\$	1,572,509

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2022 BUDGET

WITH 2020 ACTUAL AND 2021 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	A	CTUAL 2020	ES	TIMATED 2021	E	BUDGET 2022
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	277,556	\$	331,538	\$	377,050
REVENUE Property taxes Specific ownership tax Interest income Other revenue Total revenue		92,075 7,942 2,345 - 102,362		92,723 8,100 296 - 101,119		96,276 7,702 770 500 105,248
Total funds available		379,918		432,657		482,298
EXPENDITURES General and administrative Accounting Audit County Treasurer's fee Dues and licenses Election expense Insurance and bonds Legal services Miscellaneous Website Contingency Total expenditures		16,740 5,400 1,382 354 5,068 3,595 15,811 30 - - 48,380		22,000 6,500 1,391 327 - 3,439 21,000 - 950 - 55,607		30,800 7,000 1,444 500 5,000 4,500 32,000 500 1,200 2,556 85,500
Total expenditures and transfers out requiring appropriation		48,380		55,607		85,500
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	331,538	\$	377,050	\$	396,798
EMERGENCY RESERVE TOTAL RESERVE	\$ \$	3,100 3,100	\$ \$	3,100 3,100	\$	3,200 3,200

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND 2022 BUDGET

WITH 2020 ACTUAL AND 2021 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2020		ESTIMATED 2021		BUDGET 2022
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	517,291	\$	873,914	\$ 1,246,045
REVENUE					
Property taxes		1,411,824		1,421,757	1,476,233
Specific ownership tax		121,781		130,000	118,099
Interest income		5,853		1,100	2,800
Total revenue	_	1,539,458		1,552,857	1,597,132
Total funds available		2,056,749		2,426,771	2,843,177
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service					
Bond interest - Series 2018		713,150		690,900	672,300
Bond principal - Series 2018		445,000		465,000	485,000
Contingency		-		-	5,557
County Treasurer's fee		21,185		21,326	22,143
Paying agent fees/bank fees		3,500		3,500	3,500
Total expenditures		1,182,835		1,180,726	1,188,500
Total expenditures and transfers out					
requiring appropriation		1,182,835		1,180,726	1,188,500
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	873,914	\$	1,246,045	\$ 1,654,677

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2022 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Services Provided

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court for the County of Douglas on January 2, 2001, and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, television relay and translation, and security.

On November 7, 2000, District voters authorized the District to issue \$250,750,000 of general obligation bonds or other financial obligations for the infrastructure development, parks and recreation, performance of intergovernmental agreements, formation of a regional water authority, refinancing of district debt, and other uses. However, the District's Service Plan limits its general obligation debt to \$25,000,000.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2022 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Revenues (continued)

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 8% of the property taxes collected.

Interest Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on an average interest rate of, approximately 0.20%.

Expenditures

Administrative Expenditures

Administrative expenditures include the services necessary to maintain the administrative viability such as legal, accounting, insurance, and other administrative expenses of the District.

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.5% of property tax collections.

Debt Service

The principal and interest payments in 2022 are provided based on the debt amortization schedule from the General Obligation Limited Tax refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (discussed under Debts and Leases)

Debt and Leases

On October 24, 2018, the District refunded \$18,210,000 of Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015B by the issuance of \$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used for the purposes of: (i) advance refunding of the Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015B and (ii) paying the costs of issuance on the Bonds.

The Bonds are term bonds that bear interest at 5.00%, payable semi-annually On June 1 and December 1, 2018, beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds maturing on December 1, 2035 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2028, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par plus accrued interest, without redemption premium. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1 of each year beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2040.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2022 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Debts and Leases (continued)

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of the monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Required Mill Levy (an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, but not in excess of 50.000 mills, as adjusted); (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property within the District each year in an amount sufficient, to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds as the same become due, but not in excess of 50.000 mills. These mill levies have been adjusted by the Board as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2002. The current adjusted mill levy is 63.986.

The District has no operating or capital leases.

	Balance at								
	December 31,								
		2020	Addi	tions	Re	eductions		2021	
G.O Bonds - Series 2018	\$	15,125,000	\$	-	\$	465,000	\$	14,660,000	
Bond Preimium - Series 2018		859,335		-		74,008		785,327	
Total	\$	15,984,335	\$	-	\$	539,008	\$	15,445,327	
	•	Balance at ecember 31,					-	Balance at ecember 31,	
		2021	Addi	tions	Re	eductions		2022	
G.O Bonds - Series 2018	\$	14,660,000	\$	-	\$	485,000	\$	14,175,000	
Bond Preimium - Series 2018		785,327				72,015		713,312	
Total	\$	15,445,327	\$		\$	557,015	\$	14,888,312	

Reserve Funds

Emergency Reserve

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve equal to at least 3% of the fiscal year spending for 2020, as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY 2022 BUDGET

\$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the

Series 2018 Interest 5.00% Dated October 24, 2018

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

Principal Payable December 1

Year Ending	Р	er 1					
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2022	\$ 485,000	\$ 672,300	\$ 1,157,300				
2023	510,000	648,050	1,158,050				
2024	535,000	622,550	1,157,550				
2025	560,000	595,800	1,155,800				
2026	590,000	567,800	1,157,800				
2027	620,000	538,300	1,158,300				
2028	650,000	507,300	1,157,300				
2029	685,000	474,800	1,159,800				
2030	715,000	440,550	1,155,550				
2031	750,000	404,800	1,154,800				
2032	790,000	367,300	1,157,300				
2033	830,000	327,800	1,157,800				
2034	870,000	286,300	1,156,300				
2035	915,000	242,800	1,157,800				
2036	950,000	206,200	1,156,200				
2037	990,000	168,200	1,158,200				
2038	1,030,000	128,600	1,158,600				
2039	1,070,000	87,400	1,157,400				
2040	1,115,000	44,600	1,159,600				
	\$ 14,660,000	\$ 7,331,450	\$ 21,991,450				

EXHIBIT C

Certification

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Castle Oaks Metropolitan District, I hereby certify that no action, event or condition set forth in Section 11.02.060 of the Intergovernmental Affairs Chapter of the Town of Castle Rock Code has occurred in the report year.

Chris Pratt
Chris Pratt (Aug 21, 2022 12:13 MDT)

Chris Pratt, Officer of the District