THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7

2019 ANNUAL REPORT TO THE CITY OF CASTLE PINES

Pursuant to the Consolidated Service Plan for The Canyons Metropolitan District Nos. 5-11 (as amended), The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 is required to provide an annual report to the City of Castle Pines by August 1 of each year with regard to the matters below.

To the best of our knowledge, for the year ending December 31, 2019, the District makes the following report:

1. Boundary changes made or proposed to the District's boundary as of December 31 of the prior year:

There were no boundary changes made to the District in 2019.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements with other governmental entities, either entered into or proposed, as of December 31 of the prior year:

The District did not enter into any intergovernmental agreements in 2019.

3. Copies of the District's rules and regulations, if any, as of December 31 of the prior year:

As of December 31, 2019, the District had not yet adopted rules and regulations.

4. A summary of any litigation which involves the District's Public Improvements as of December 31 of the prior year:

To our actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Douglas County, there is no litigation involving the District as of December 31, 2019.

5. Status of the District's construction of the Public Improvements as of December 31 of the prior year:

As of December 31, 2019, the District awarded contracts for the construction of various public improvements including, roadway, bridges, offsite sewer and water mains, lift stations, storm sewer, Filing 1 infrastructure, Filing 1, 1^{st} Amendment, Filing 1 2^{nd} amendment, and Filing 2, phases A-D infrastructure, superblock entry landscaping, onsite superblock utilities, and offfsite superblock utilities. In 2019, construction of a roadways pursuant to a construction agreement with Martin Marietta Materials was completed, and the Parker Water lift station project completed. Work under other construction contracts are ongoing.

6. A list of all facilities and improvements constructed by the District that have been dedicated to and accepted by the City as of December 31 of the prior year:

As of December 31, 2019, the District has not dedicated and the City has not accepted dedication of any facilities or improvements.

7. The assessed valuation of the District for the current year:

The 2019 assessed valuation of the District is attached hereto as **Exhibit** A.

8. Current year budget including a description of the Public Improvements to be constructed in such year:

The 2019 budget for the District is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

9. Audit of the District's financial statements, for the year ending December 31 of the previous year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or audit exemptions, if applicable:

The 2019 Audit is attached as **Exhibit C**.

10. Notice of any uncured events of default by the District, which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period, under any Debt instrument:

There are no uncured events of default by the District, which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period, under any Debt instrument.

11. Any inability of the District to pay its obligations as they come due, in accordance with the terms of such obligations, which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period:

The District has been able to pay its obligations as they come due.

EXHIBIT A 2019 Assessed Valuation

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY DOUGLAS COUNTY ASSESSOR

Name of Jurisdiction: 4526 - Canyons Metro District 7

Data Date: 11/21/2019

IN DOUGLAS COUNTY ON 11/21/2019

New Entity: No

	USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATIONS (5	.5% LIMIT) ONLY
	IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1),C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSI VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2019 IN DOUGLAS COUNTY. COLORADO	ESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL
1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	<u>\$13,320</u>
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTALTAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: *	\$8,754,860
3.	LESS TIF DISTRICT INCREMENT, IF ANY:	<u>\$0</u>
4.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$8,754,860
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: **	<u>\$0</u>
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINES: #	<u>\$0</u>
	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	<u>\$0</u>
	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: #	<u>\$0</u>
	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD ##	<u>\$0</u>
9.	OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b) C.R.S.):	<u>40</u>
10.	TAXES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1))(a) C.R.S.):	<u>\$0.00</u>
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a) C.R.S.) and (39-10-114(1)(a)(I)(B) C.R.S.):	<u>\$0.00</u>
	his value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X, Sec.20(8)(b),Colo. lew construction is defined as: Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure.	
	urisdiction must submit respective certifications (Forms DLG 52 AND 52A) to the Division of Local Government in order for the value culation.	es to be treated as growth in the limit
##	Jurisdiction must apply (Forms DLG 52B) to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit	calculation.
	USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY	
	ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-121(2)(b),C.R.S. TAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2019 IN DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO ON AUGUS	
1.	CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: @	\$30,119,618
	ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	
2.	CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: !	<u>\$0</u>
3.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	<u>\$0</u>
4.	INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: %	<u>\$0</u>
5.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	<u>\$0</u>
6.	OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	<u>\$0</u>
7.	TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT:	<u>\$0</u>
	(If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omitted	ed property.)
	DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	
8.	DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	<u>\$0</u>
9.	DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSION:	<u>\$0</u>
10.	PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY:	<u>\$0</u>
@ -	This includes the actual value of all taxable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real property plus the actual value of religious, plus the actual value	rty.
! Co	onstruction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures.	
% I	ncludes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.	
	ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1),C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES SCHOOL DISTRICTS : 1. TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY:>	
	NOTE: All levies must be Certified to the Board of County Commissioners NO LATER THAN DECEM	<u>\$0</u> MBER 15. 2019
i -	The second s	

EXHIBIT B 2019 Budget



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

Accountant's Compilation Report

Board of Directors The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7

Management is responsible for the accompanying budget of revenues, expenditures and fund balances of The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 for the year ending December 31, 2019, including the estimate of comparative information for the year ending December 31, 2018, and the actual comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2017, in the format prescribed by Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.) 29-1-105 and the related summary of significant assumptions in accordance with guidelines for the presentation of a budget established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the budget nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on the accompanying budget.

The budgeted results may not be achieved as there will usually be differences between the budgeted and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and these differences may be material. We assume no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

We draw attention to the summary of significant assumptions which describe that the budget is presented in accordance with the requirements of C.R.S. 29-1-105, and is not intended to be a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We are not independent with respect to The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado January 22, 2019



THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 SUMMARY 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/22/19

ACTUAL ESTIMATED BUDGET 2017 2018 2019 \$ - \$ (1,313,591) \$ 1,000 **BEGINNING FUND BALANCES** REVENUES 224 Property taxes 188 226 Specific ownership taxes 17 20 23 Interest income 2 44,986 Developer advance 64,363 58,751 Developer contribution 6,554,883 14,339,982 32,611,708 Other revenue 1 Total revenues 6,600,075 14,404,591 32,670,708 Total funds available 6,600,075 13,091,000 32,671,708 **EXPENDITURES** General Fund 48,801 60,000 59,000 Capital Projects Fund 7,864,865 13,030,000 32,611,708 7,913,666 32,670,708 Total expenditures 13,090,000 Total expenditures and transfers out requiring appropriation 7,913,666 13,090,000 32,670,708 ENDING FUND BALANCES 1,000 1,000 \$ (1,313,591) \$ \$ EMERGENCY RESERVE 100 \$ \$ 100 \$ _ \$ \$ TOTAL RESERVE 100 \$ 100 _

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/22/19

ACTUAL 2017	ESTIMATED 2018		E	BUDGET 2019
\$ 11,070	\$	11,880	\$	12,010
\$ - 11,070	\$	1,310 13,190	\$	1,310 13,320
17.000		17.000		17.000
 17.000		17.000		17.000
\$ 188	\$	224	\$	226
 188		224		226
\$ 188	\$	224	\$	226
\$ 188	\$	224	\$	226
\$ 188	\$	224	\$	226
\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 11,070 - \$ 11,070 17.000 17.000 \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ 188	\$ 11,070 \$ \$ 11,070 \$ \$ 11,070 \$ 17.000 17.000 \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ \$ 188 \$ 188 \$ \$ 188 \$ 1	2017 2018 \$ 11,070 \$ 11,880 - 1,310 \$ 11,070 \$ 13,190 \$ 11,070 \$ 13,190 17.000 17.000 17.000 17.000 \$ 188 \$ 224 \$ 188 \$ 224 \$ 188 \$ 224 \$ 188 \$ 224	2017 2018 \$ 11,070 \$ 11,880 \$ - 1,310 \$ 11,070 \$ 13,190 \$ 13,190 \$ 17.000 17.000 17.000 17.000 \$ 188 \$ 224 \$ \$ 188 \$ 224 \$ \$ 188 \$ 224 \$

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 GENERAL FUND 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/22/19

	TUAL 017	ESTIMATED 2018		B	UDGET 2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	(3,609)	\$	1,000
REVENUES					
Property taxes	188		224		226
Specific ownership taxes Interest income	17		20 2		23
Developer advance	- 44,986		∠ 64,363		- 58,751
Other revenue	1		-		-
Total revenues	 45,192		64,609		59,000
Total funds available	 45,192		61,000		60,000
EXPENDITURES					
General and administrative					
Accounting	15,097		35,000		25,000
Auditing	-		4,800		4,800
County Treasurer's fee	3		3		3
Dues and licenses	300		303		500
Insurance and bonds	-		2,488		2,700
Legal services Miscellaneous	33,392 9		15,865		25,000
Election expense	9		- 1,541		-
Contingency	-		- 1,041		997
Total expenditures	 48,801		60,000		59,000
Total expenditures and transfers out					
requiring appropriation	 48,801		60,000		59,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,609)	\$	1,000	\$	1,000
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$ 	\$	100	\$	100
TOTAL RESERVE	\$ -	\$	100	\$	100

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/22/19

	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	BUDGET
	2017	2018	2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$ (1,309,982)	\$-
REVENUES			
Developer contribution	6,554,883	14,339,982	32,611,708
Total revenues	6,554,883	14,339,982	32,611,708
Total funds available	6,554,883	13,030,000	32,611,708
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administrative			
Accounting	8,610	15,000	20,000
Legal services	33,153	20,000	20,000
Miscellaneous	499	-	-
Contingency	-	-	1,000,000
Capital Projects			
Landscaping	-	-	1,446,640
Engineering	1,409,363	2,000,000	1,044,498
Water	-	-	3,759,014
Sewer	5,804,178	10,000,000	6,789,086
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Soft costs	595,010	-	-
Drainage/Storm	900	900,000	4,915,719
Street improvements	13,152	95,000	13,616,751
Total expenditures	7,864,865	13,030,000	32,611,708
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	7,864,865	13,030,000	32,611,708
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,309,982)	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Services Provided

The District was organized to provide financing for the design, acquisition, installation and construction of storm and sanitary sewers, water systems, streets, parks and recreation facilities, transportation systems, television relay and translator facilities, security, mosquito control and fire protection and operation and maintenance of the District. The District's service area is located in the City of Castle Pines in Douglas County, Colorado and the District operates in connection with Districts Nos. 1 - 6 and 8 - 11.

The District was formed by District Court Order on December 19, 2001, and held its organizational meeting on March 14, 2002. The relationship between the Service District and Financing Districts, including the means for approving, financing, constructing and operating the public services and improvements needed to serve the development are outlined in the Master Reimbursement Agreement executed December 29, 2015 by the District and District Nos. 5 and 6.

On November 4, 2014, District voters approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$5,000,000, annually, as necessary, to pay for the operations and maintenance expenditures of the District. Debt authorization was approved in the amount of \$151,000,000 for the above listed facilities and an equal amount for refunding debt. The voters also authorized debt of \$5,000,000 for the costs of operating and maintaining the District's systems and \$10,000,000 for the issuance of mortgages, liens and other encumbrances on District real and personal property. The election also allows the District to retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution or any other law.

On November 4, 2014, District voters approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$100,000,000, annually, as necessary, to pay for the operations and maintenance expenditures of the District as well as \$100,000,000, annually, as necessary to pay for the capital expenditures of the District. Debt authorization was approved in the amount of \$2,260,000,000 for the above listed facilities and \$226,000,000 for refunding debt. The voters authorized debt of \$226,000,000 for the costs of operating and maintaining the District's systems and \$50,000,000 for the issuance of mortgages, liens and other encumbrances on District real and personal property. The voters also authorized \$226,000,000 in debt for both Intergovernmental Agreements and Private Agreements. The election also allows the District to retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution or any other law.

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the maximum mill levy for general obligation debt and operations and maintenance is 69.000 mills. This limit is to be adjusted for increases or decreases in the residential assessment ratio (for the debt portion of the mill levy only) so that the actual tax revenues derived from the mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Revenues

Developer Advance

The District is in the development stage. As such, the operating and administrative expenditures are to be funded by others. Advances are recorded as revenue for budget purposes with an obligation for future repayment when the District is financially able to reimburse others from bond proceeds and other available revenue.

Developer Contributions

The District is in the development stage. As such, the capital expenditures are to be funded by others. The District will receive contributions to fund such costs with no obligation for repayment.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the property tax page of the Budget and is pursuant to the Master Reimbursement Agreement. Collectively, Districts Nos. 5, 6, and 7 are permitted to levy 69.000 mills, with the debt service portion of Districts No. 5 and No 6 being adjusted for changes in the assessment ration which brings the total mill leave for all three districts to 74.277 mills. The total adopted mill levy is shown on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget.

Specific Ownership Tax

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing with the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 10% of the property taxes collected.

Expenditures

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's collection fees have been computed at 1.5% of property taxes.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Expenditures (continued)

General and Administrative Expenditures

General and administrative expenditures have been provided based on estimates of the District's Board of Directors and consultants and include the services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as accounting, legal, insurance, and other administrative expenditures.

Capital Outlay

The District anticipates capital expenditures as noted on the Capital Projects Fund page of the budget. The District will own, operate and maintain all District eligible public improvements within its boundaries that are not dedicated to any other public entity. District Nos. 5 and 6 will finance the cost of such improvements.

Debt and Leases

The District has no outstanding debt, nor any operating or capital leases.

Reserves

Emergency Reserves

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve fund equal to at least 3% of fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

EXHIBIT C 2019 Audit Report

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	20
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	22



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 Douglas County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 as of and for the year December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7's basic financial statements. The budget to actual schedule for the Capital Projects Fund (Supplementary Information) and the Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected (Other Information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Daysio & Associates, P.C.

June 2, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		vernmental
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	902
Cash and Investments - Restricted		100
Prepaid Expense		2,510
Accounts Receivable		1,165,256
Receivable - County Treasurer		2
Property Taxes Receivable		165,686
Construction in Progress	5	53,983,784
Total Assets	5	55,318,240
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Noncurrent Liabilities: Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,200,040 1,229,570 <u>185,398</u> 2,615,008
Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		165,686
Total Defetted innows of Resources		165,686
NET POSITION Restricted for:		
Emergency Reserves		100
Unrestricted	5	52,537,446
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 5</u>	52,537,546

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Primary Government: Government Activities:							
General Government	\$ 116,214	\$-	\$-	\$ 30,492,509	\$ 30,376,295		
Interest and Related Costs on	10.0=1						
Long-Term Debt	10,651				(10,651)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 126,865	\$-	\$-	\$ 30,492,509	30,365,644		
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Total General Revenues						
	CHANGES IN NE	F POSITION			30,365,893		
	Net Position - Beg	22,171,653					
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 52,537,546		

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

			Capital	Go	Total overnmental
	(General	Projects		Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	902	\$ -	\$	902
Cash and Investments - Restricted		100	-		100
Accounts Receivable		9,771	1,155,485		1,165,256
Receivable from County Treasurer		2	-		2
Prepaid Expenditure		2,510	-		2,510
Property Taxes Receivable		165,686	 -		165,686
Total Assets	\$	178,971	\$ 1,155,485	\$	1,334,456
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	13,598	\$ 1,186,442	\$	1,200,040
Retainage Payable			 1,229,570		1,229,570
Total Liabilities		13,598	2,416,012		2,429,610
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Tax Revenue		165,686	 -		165,686
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		165,686	-		165,686
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		2,510	-		2,510
Restricted for:					
Emergency Reserves		100	-		100
Unassigned		(2,923)	 (1,260,527)		(1,263,450)
Total Fund Balances		(313)	 (1,260,527)		(1,260,840)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					
and Fund Balances	\$	178,971	\$ 1,155,485		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the					
statement of net position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not					
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported					
as assets in the funds.					
Construction in Progress					53,983,784
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due					
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not					
recorded as liabilities in the funds.					(167 500)
Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interact on Developer Advance Payable					(167,500)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance Payable					(17,898)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	52,537,546

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

REVENUES		General Capital Fund Projects						General Capital Gove				Total overnmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$	226	\$-		006 [¢]		\$	226				
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	220	Ψ		Ψ	220						
Total Revenues		249				249						
		2-10				240						
EXPENDITURES												
General & Administrative:												
Accounting		31,708		-		31,708						
Audit		4,800		-		4,800						
County Treasurer's Fee		3		-		3						
Dues and Membership		308		-		308						
Insurance and Bonds		2,758		-		2,758						
District Management		1,852		-		1,852						
Legal		20,840		-		20,840						
Capital:												
Accounting		-		13,338		13,338						
Legal		-		40,607		40,607						
Engineering		-		785,980		785,980						
Landscaping		-		674,573		674,573						
Water		-		3,101,006		3,101,006						
Drainage/Storm		-		4,316,083		4,316,083						
Street Improvements		-		10,514,423		10,514,423						
Sewer		-		5,909,814		5,909,814						
Total Expenditures		62,269		25,355,824		25,418,093						
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER												
EXPENDITURES		(62,020)	((25,355,824)		(25,417,844)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				~~ ~~ ~~~								
Developer Contribution		-		30,492,509		30,492,509						
Developer Advance		76,427		-		76,427						
Total Other Financing Sources		76,427		30,492,509		30,568,936						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		14,407		5,136,685		5,151,092						
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(14,720)		(6,397,212)		(6,411,932)						
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	(313)	\$	(1,260,527)	\$	(1,260,840)						

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,151,092
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital Outlay	25,301,879
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bond issuance, developer advance) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Developer Advance	(76,427)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances	 (10,651)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 30,365,893

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgets Original Final					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		nyinai		Fillal		Inounts	(110	egalive)	
REVENUES									
Property Tax	\$	226	\$	226	\$	226	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Tax		23		23		23		-	
Total Revenues		249		249		249		-	
EXPENDITURES									
Accounting		25,000		31,750		31,708		42	
Audit		4,800		4,800		4,800		-	
County Treasurer's Fee		3		3		3		-	
Contingency		997		2,147		-		2,147	
Dues and Membership		500		500		308		192	
Insurance and Bonds		2,700		2,800		2,758		42	
District Management		-		2,000		1,852		148	
Legal		25,000		26,000		20,840		5,160	
Total Expenditures		59,000		70,000		62,269		7,731	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(58,751)		(69,751)		(62,020)		7,731	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Developer Advance		58,751		85,471		76,427		(9,044)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		58,751		85,471		76,427		(9,044)	
		00,701		00,471		10,421		(0,044)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		15,720		14,407		(1,313)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,000		(14,720)		(14,720)		-	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	(313)	\$	(1,313)	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Douglas County, Colorado on June 4, 2010, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Consolidated Service Plan (Service Plan) approved by the City of Castle Pines North (City) in Douglas County, Colorado on October 22, 2009, as amended by a First Amendment thereto approved by the City on December 8, 2015 and by a Second Amendment thereto approved by the City on December 10, 2019 collectively, the "Service Plan." The District operates in connection with Districts Nos. 1 - 6 and 8 - 11.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, relocation, redevelopment, and completion of public improvements, covenant enforcement services, and planning services, including water, sanitation, streets, security services, park and recreation, public transportation, traffic and safety, limited fire protection, limited television relay and translation, and mosquito control.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at yearend. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded as historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All assets of the District are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities. Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets, a component of the District's net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – this component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. If there are significant unspent debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in this component.

Restricted – this component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use as imposed by external parties such as creditors, grantors, or contributors, or as imposed by laws or regulations of other governments, or as imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – the component of net position that does not meet the definitions above.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

<u>Deficits</u>

The General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2019. The deficit will be eliminated with the receipt of funds advance by the Developer in 2020.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

1,002

\$

Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions \$ 1,002

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$81,950 and a carrying balance of \$1,002.

Investments

The District has no adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statues limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statues specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the District has no investments.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2019
Governmental Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not	\$ 28,681,905	25,301,879	\$ -	\$ 53,983,784
Being Depreciated	\$ 28,681,905	25,301,879	\$ -	\$ 53,983,784

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Dec	alance at ember 31, 2018	A	dditions	Red	uctions	Balance at December 31, 2019		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Developer Advance - Operations - Principal Developer Advance - Operations - Interest	\$	91,073 <u>7,247</u>	\$	76,427 <u>10,651</u>	\$	-	\$	167,500 <u>17,898</u>	\$	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	98,320	\$	87,078	\$		\$	185,398	\$	-

The detail of the District's long-term obligation is as follows:

Operations Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

The District and Shea Canyons (Master Builder) entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) on November 14, 2016 (Operations Funding Agreement) whereby the Master Builder agreed to loan moneys to the District for the purpose of covering revenue shortfalls with respect to operation and maintenance expenses of the District.

Under the Operations Funding Agreement, the Master Builder agrees to loan the District up to \$50,000 per year (the Annual O&M Loan Cap), for four years (being fiscal years 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019), not to exceed \$200,000 (subject to increase as described below, the "Maximum Loan Amount"). Interest accrues at a rate of 5%, plus the Municipal Market Data (MMD) BAA 30-year index, simple interest, annually. The funds are to be loaned to the District in a series of installments and are to be available to the District through December 31, 2019 (the O&M Loan Obligation Termination Date). Thereafter, the Master Builder may agree to renew its agreement on an annual basis by providing written notice to the District, in which case, the Loan Obligation Termination Date will be amended to the date provided but not earlier than December 31 of the succeeding year.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Operations Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Continued)

After 40 years from the execution of this Agreement, the Parties hereby agree and acknowledge that any obligation which remains due and outstanding, including accrued interest, is forgiven in its entirety, generally and conditionally released, waived, acquitted and forever discharged, and shall be deemed a contribution to the District by the Master Builder and there shall be no further obligation of the District to pay or reimburse the Master Builder.

As of December 31, 2019, the District had \$167,500 of principal outstanding and accrued interest of \$17,898 outstanding under this Agreement.

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2019, the District has authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized			Amount Authorized		Authorized		
	May 4,			November 4,		But		
Streets	\$	2010	\$	<u>2014</u> 226,000,000	\$	Unissued 326,000,000		
	φ	, ,	φ		φ			
Water		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Sanitation		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Parks and Recreation		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Public Transportation		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Television Relay		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Mosquito Control		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Security Services		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Traffic and Safety		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Fire Protection		-		226,000,000		226,000,000		
Operations and Maintenance		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Refundings		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Intergovernmental Agreements		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Private Agreements		100,000,000		226,000,000		326,000,000		
Special Assessment Indebtedness		-		226,000,000		226,000,000		
Total	\$	1,300,000,000	\$	3,390,000,000	\$4	4,690,000,000		

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the aggregate debt limit is \$226,000,000 for all of District Nos. 2 – 11 combined, exclusive of refundings.

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the maximum mill levy for general obligation debt and operations and maintenance is 69.000 mills of which the District imposes 18.925 mills for operations. The limit is to be adjusted for increases or decreases in the residential assessment ratio so that the actual tax revenues derived from the mill levy, as adjusted are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2019, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergencies	\$ 100
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 100

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The Original landowner of the property which constitutes the District is North Canyons, LLLP. During 2016, the Original landowner in connection with Oread Canyons, LLC (Oread), sold property to the Master Builder who will serve as Developer of the first phase of development for the project. The majority members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Master Builder and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

Capital Contribution Agreement

The District and the Master Builder entered into a Contribution Agreement (Capital) on December 20, 2016 (Contribution Agreement) as amended and restated on June 9, 2017, whereby the Master Builder agreed to contribute funding to the District in order to finance the completion of the Pubic Improvements. The Contribution Funds shall be used by the District for the sole purpose of financing the Public Improvements. The District and the Master Builder agree and acknowledge that there shall be, under no circumstance, any obligation, present or future, of the District to pay or reimburse the Master Builder with respect to the Contribution Funds it receives to fund the Construction Contract the Public Improvements. The Master Builder is the construction manager and oversees the construction of the Public Improvements. All Contribution Funds received by the District shall be deemed to be a contribution in their entirety. During 2019, the District received capital contributions totaling \$30,492,509.

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Master Reimbursement Agreement

The District entered into a Master Reimbursement Agreement (the Agreement) with The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5 (District No. 5) and The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 6 (District No. 6), North Canyons, LLLP (Original Landowner), the Master Builder, and Oread Canyons, LLC (Oread), a Colorado limited liability company. Pursuant to the Agreement, District No. 5 and District No. 6 will reimburse the Original Landowner and Oread, respectively, for the costs of the District-Eligible Public Improvements, which are to be constructed by the Master Builder or its assignee, all as more particularly described in the Agreement. The District will own, operate, and maintain all District-Eligible Public Improvements within its boundaries that are not dedicated to any other public entity.

Under the Agreement, the Service Plan established a combined mill levy limitation (applicable to both debt service and operation and maintenance mill levies imposed by the Districts) of 69.000 mills. District No. 5 will impose 40.000 mills for debt service and District No. 6 will impose 10.000 mills for debt service as adjusted for changes in the residential assessment ratio. District No. 5 and District No. 6 will each impose 1.000 mills for operations as adjusted for changes in the residential assessment ratio.

The Agreement states that District No. 5 and District No. 6 are also entitled to 80% and 20% respectively of PIF Revenues and Facilities Fees, and is obligated to pay 80% and 20% respectively of the Collective Reimbursement Obligation, or the Bonds used for financing District-Eligible Public Improvements.

The Agreement also sets forth the procedures for submittal, review, certification, and acceptance of the costs of Public Improvements constructed by the District and the Master Builder.

Intergovernmental Agreement with the City

As contemplated by the Service Plan, the Canyons Districts (being District Nos. 1 - 11) and the City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement for The Canyons Metropolitan District Nos. 1 - 11, dated as of December 6, 2010, as amended pursuant to a First Amendment thereto dated December 11, 2015 (as so amended, the "City IGA"), which, among other things, recites the limitations on the Canyons Districts' provision of services and exercise of powers as set forth in the Service Plan.

In addition to the limitations contained in the Service Plan, the City IGA specifies that completed Public Improvements are to be dedicated to the City, Parker Water and Sanitation District (Parker Water), or other appropriate governmental entities. The Canyons Districts are authorized to undertake and coordinate any operational requirements for Public Improvements that will not ultimately be conveyed to the City, Parker Water, or other governmental entity and may also operate and maintain Public Improvements that are pending final acceptance by the City. Upon acceptance by the City, Parker Water, or other appropriate governmental entity, none of the Canyons Districts are authorized to operate or

NOTE 8 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Intergovernmental Agreement with the City (Continued)

maintain such Public Improvements unless authorized under separate intergovernmental agreement with the City, Parker Water, or such other governmental entity, respectively. The Canyons Districts are specifically authorized to own, operate, and maintain park and recreation improvements and landscaped or open space parcels. The City IGA also specifies that none of the Canyons Districts are authorized to engage in the provision of any television relay and translation facilities or services and, subject to certain exceptions for improvements comprising a portion of the water system improvements, shall not be authorized to provide fire protection facilities or services.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, workers' compensation, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limits must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On May 4, 2010 and November 4, 2014, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$100,000,000 annually as adjusted for inflation, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain, and spend all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Construction Commitments

As of December 31, 2019, the District had construction related contract commitments of approximately \$5,705,452.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	20,000	13,338	6,662	
Legal	20,000	40,607	(20,607)	
Contingency	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	
Landscaping	1,446,640	674,573	772,067	
Engineering	1,044,498	785,980	258,518	
Water	3,759,014	3,101,006	658,008	
Drainage/Storm	4,915,719	4,316,083	599,636	
Street Improvements	13,616,751	10,514,423	3,102,328	
Sewer	6,789,086	5,909,814	879,272	
Total Expenditures	32,611,708	25,355,824	7,255,884	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(32,611,708)	(25,355,824)	7,255,884	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Contribution	32,611,708	30,492,509	(2,119,199)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	32,611,708	30,492,509	(2,119,199)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	5,136,685	5,136,685	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	(6,397,212)	(6,397,212)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (1,260,527)	\$ (1,260,527)	

OTHER INFORMATION

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Year Ended	As Valu Curr	or Year sessed ation for ent Year operty	Mills	Levied	Тс	otal Prop	erty Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31	Та	x Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied Collected			to Levied
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	270 11,070 13,190 13,320	0.000 17.000 17.000 17.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	\$	- 188 224 226	- 188 224 226	N/A 100.00 % 100.00 100.00
Estimated for Year Ending December 31, 2020	\$8,	754,860	18.925	0.000	\$16	5,686		

Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.