CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan District No. 1
Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going
 concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The Other Information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Daysio o Associates, P.C.

September 21, 2022



CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 681,503
Due from Other Districts	326,025
Total Assets	1,007,528
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Interest Payable	21,833
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	140,000
Due in More Than One Year	5,100,000
Total Liabilities	5,261,833
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	515,445
Unrestricted	(4,769,750)
Total Net Position	\$ (4,254,305)

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u>E</u>	xpenses	f	arges for vices	O Gı	am Revenues perating rants and ntributions	Gran	pital ts and butions	(Exp C Ne Gov	Revenues vernmental
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,736 267,729 271,465	\$	- 	\$	- 229,980 229,980	\$	- 	\$	(3,736) (37,749) (41,485)
	GENERAL REVENUES Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							328 328		
	СНА	NGE IN NET	POSITION	I						(41,157)
	Net F	Position - Begi	nning of Y	ear						(4,213,148)
	NET	POSITION - E	END OF Y	EAR					\$	(4,254,305)

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
AGGETO			
Cash and Investments - Restricted Due from Other Districts	\$ 681,503 326,025	\$	681,503 326,025
Total Assets	\$ 1,007,528	\$	1,007,528
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$	-
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt Service Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,007,528 1,007,528 1,007,528		1,007,528 1,007,528
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable			(5,240,000) (21,833)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(4,254,305)

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUES		Debt Service	Total Governmenta Funds		
Intergovernmental Revenue CPCMD No. 4	\$	229,980	\$	229,980	
Net Investment Income	Ψ	328	Ψ	328	
Total Revenues		230,308		230,308	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Bond Interest		268,250		268,250	
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		3,000		3,000	
Bond Issue Costs		689		689	
Bond Principal		125,000		125,000	
Cash Management Fees		47		47	
Total Expenditures		396,986		396,986	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(166,678)		(166,678)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		1,174,206		1,174,206	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	1,007,528	\$	1,007,528	

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (166,678)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond Principal Payment 125,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability 521

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (41,157)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Douglas County on March 25, 1987, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under an Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan approved by the Town of Castle Rock on January 6, 2015 for Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1, 3, and 4. The District's service area is located entirely in the Town of Castle Rock in Douglas County, Colorado. The District was established for the purpose of financing the design, acquisition, installation, construction and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, streets, safety, parks and recreation, transportation facilities and fire protection.

Pursuant to a Capital Pledge Agreement, Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan Districts Nos. 3 and 4 (Taxing Districts) have limited tax general obligations to the District (see Note 9). Property taxes to be generated from the Taxing Districts debt service mill levies, including specific ownership taxes to be received as a result of imposition of such mill levies, are expected to be transferred, net of fees, to the District to pay for debt service expenditures. District No. 3 is considered the operating district. Effective November 7, 2018, District No. 3 ceased its role as the operating District and operates fully independent form the District and District No. 4.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues from Castle Pines Commercial MD Nos. 3 and 4. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 681,503
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 681,503

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Investments	\$ 681,503
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 681,503

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District had no deposits with financial institutions.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust	Weighted Average	
(CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 681,503

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	E	Balance at					1	Balance at		Due
	De	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,		Within
		2020	Ac	lditions	Re	eductions		2021	C	ne Year
Bonds Payable										
Bonds, Series 2015	\$	5,365,000	\$		\$	125,000	\$	5,240,000	\$	140,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$	5,365,000	\$		\$	125,000	\$	5,240,000	\$	140,000

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

\$5,875,000 Limited Tax Supported Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, dated January 16, 2015, with interest of 5.00%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2015. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2016. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2039, and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2019, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, and accrued interest thereon, without redemption premium. On April 21, 2022, District No. 4 refunded these bonds by the issuance of \$5,000,000 Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2022.

The Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing: (i) the reimbursement and payment of construction costs of public improvements benefitting the District and Castle Pines Commercial Districts No. 3 and 4; (ii) a Reserve Fund and; (iii) the costs of issuing the Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The Bonds are secured by and payable from Pledged Revenue consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) Property Tax Revenues derived from the imposition by District Nos. 3 and 4 (the Taxing Districts) of the Required Mill Levy and any other debt service mill levies imposed by the Taxing Districts, and payable to the District in accordance with the Capital Pledge Agreement; (ii) Specific Ownership Tax Revenues collected as a result of the imposition of the mill levies in (i) and; (iii) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

The Indenture requires that a Required Mill Levy be imposed by the Taxing Districts in accordance with the Capital Pledge Agreement. The Required Mill Levy as defined in the Capital Pledge Agreement means a mill levy which, if imposed by the Taxing Districts, will generate property tax revenue equal to the debt requirements for the immediately succeeding calendar year, provided that in no event may the Required Mill levy exceed 50 mills, and further provided that if, on or after January 1, 2015, there are changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut or abatement; such 50 mill maximum mill levy shall be increased or decreased to reflect such changes so that to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by the maximum mill levy, as adjusted for changes occurring after January 1, 2015, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes.

The Bonds are also secured by amounts held in the Reserve Fund funded upon issuance of the Bonds in the Reserve Requirement amount of \$470,250.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
		Bonde	d Del	ot			
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest			Total
2022	\$	140,000	\$	262,000		\$	402,000
2023		150,000		255,000			405,000
2024		165,000		247,500			412,500
2025		170,000		239,250			409,250
2026		190,000		230,750			420,750
2027-2031		1,150,000		998,750			2,148,750
2032-2036		1,590,000		669,750			2,259,750
2037-2039		1,685,000		194,500			1,879,500
Total	\$	5,240,000	\$	3,097,500		\$	8,337,500

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 4, 2014, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$110,000,000. At December 31, 2021, the District had authorized but unissued; indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized on November 4, 2014	Authorization Used 2015 Bonds	Authorized but Unissued at December 31, 2021
Streets	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 4,593,075	\$ 5,406,925
Parks and Recreation	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Water	10,000,000	17,037	9,982,963
Sanitation/Storm Sewer	10,000,000	1,251,963	8,748,037
Transportation	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Mosquito Control	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Traffic/Safety Controls	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Fire Protection	10,000,000	12,925	9,987,075
TV Relay	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Security	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Refundings	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
In-District Special Assessment			
Debt	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Operations and Maintenance	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
District Intergovernmental			
Agreements as Debt	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
District Private Agreements			
as Debt	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Mortgages (Principal)	10,000,000	<u>-</u> _	10,000,000
Total	\$ 160,000,000	\$ 5,875,000	\$ 154,125,000

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan, dated January 6, 2015, the Districts can issue bond indebtedness of up to \$12,000,000.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of amounts that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2021, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:		
Debt Service	_ \$	515,445
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	515,445

NOTE 5 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements conveyed to other governmental entities and the payment of intergovernmental expenses for the construction of public improvements.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Promenade at Castle Rock, LLC. The members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and its affiliates and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Capital Pledge Agreement

On January 1, 2015, the District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement with Castle Pines Commercial MD Nos 3 and 4 (the Taxing Districts) to provide for the payment of the District's Series 2015 Bonds, and any Refunding Obligations, Parity Obligations and Permitted Subordinate Obligations. The Taxing Districts agree to levy an ad valorem property tax on all taxable property in each Taxing District, in addition to all other taxes, and direct the annual taxes each year to the District so long as the Series 2015 Bonds, any Refunding Obligations, Parity Obligations, or Permitted Subordinate Obligations remain outstanding or any obligation under any Reimbursement Agreement related to such obligations remains unpaid, in the amount of the applicable Required Mill Levy as determined by the District. The Required Mill Levy shall not exceed 50.000 mills.

On May 11, 2021, the District and District No. 3 reached a Settlement Agreement to the ongoing litigation wherein the District stipulates there has been an over collection of ad valorem tax revenue from District No. 3 in the amount of \$453,701 ("Over Collected District 3 Taxes"). District No. 3 will be allowed to retain the Over Collected District 3 taxes and offset that amount against the tax revenue District No. 3 collected in 2019, 2020 and 2021, which is projected to total approximately \$583,701 as of December 31, 2021, and which was collected for debt repayment pursuant to the terms of the Capital Pledge Agreement dated January 1, 2015. The Parties agree that the net amount owed by District No. 3 for repayment of the 2015 Bonds under the Capital Pledge Agreement, after accounting for the Over Collected District 3 Taxes is \$137,000, which was collected in 2021. On April 21, 2022, the 2015 Pledge Agreement was terminated.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On December 1, 2014, the District entered into an Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement (the Acquisitions Agreement) with Promenade Castle Rock, LLC (the Developer) wherein the District intends to coordinate the financing, construction and operation and maintenance of the Public Infrastructure in connection with the development within the boundaries of the District (the Project). The District has been unable to provide the Public Infrastructure without the assistance of the Developer and therefore, agrees to reimburse the Developer for all District Eligible Costs.

Interest on the Repayment Obligations and District Eligible Costs incurred under this Agreement shall bear simple interest at a rate of 8.0% per annum from the date any such Repayment Obligation or District Eligible Costs are incurred, to the earlier of the date a Repayment Obligation or District Eligible Costs is issued, or the date of such payment in full. The District shall repay District Eligible Costs approved by the District under this Agreement from the proceeds of loans or bonds issued by the District, and/or other legally available funds of the District not otherwise required for reasonable operating costs of the District. Any mill levy certified by the District for the purposes of repaying costs hereunder shall not exceed the mill levy limitations contained in the Service Plan, electoral authorization, or any applicable laws. The maximum mill levy established shall apply only to the extent that the District certifies a mill levy to directly fund District Eligible Costs under this Agreement, and shall not apply as a limit on the mill levy that may be pledged to any loans, bonds, or Reimbursement Obligations. The provision for repayment of amounts due hereunder shall be subject to annual appropriation by the District.

Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding District Construction Administration

The Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding District Construction Administration was entered into by Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan District Nos. 1, 3, and 4 (each a CPC District and, collectively, CPC Districts) and Promenade at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 2 (Promenade No. 2) on March 5, 2015. The parties agreed that Promenade No. 2 will undertake construction administration services on behalf of the CPC Districts, and will be responsible for the construction of the public improvements contemplated in the service plan for the CPC Districts. The District agrees that it will authorize its District Representative to submit a project fund requisition for all eligible project costs upon request by Promenade No. 2 for all amounts due under a contract awarded or anticipated to be awarded for the construction of public improvements benefitting the CPC Districts. The Boards of Directors of the CPC Districts agree that Promenade No. 2 may utilize such funds for any eligible project costs in its discretion.

The Agreement shall be effective upon execution hereof by all the parties and shall terminate at such time that construction of public improvements is complete and all warranties have run, or no further proceeds remain available in the District's Bond Issuance Project Fund.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the past fiscal year.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 4, 2014, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2022

On April 21, 2022, District No. 4 refunded the District's Series 2015 Limited Tax Supported Revenue Bonds, dated January 16, 2015 by the issuance of \$5,000,000 Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2022.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original			Variance with Final Budget			
	and Final			Actual		Positive	
	Budget		Amounts		(Negative)		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue CPCMD No. 3	\$	167,775	\$	-	\$	(167,775)	
Intergovernmental Revenue CPCMD No. 4		215,028		229,980		14,952	
Net Investment Income		7,375		328		(7,047)	
Total Revenues		390,178		230,308		(159,870)	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service:							
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		3,000		3,000		-	
Bond Interest		268,250		268,250		-	
Bond Principal		125,000		125,000		-	
Cash Management Fees		2,000		47		1,953	
Bond Issue Costs		-		689		(689)	
Contingency		1,750		-		1,750	
Total Expenditures		400,000		396,986		3,014	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(9,822)		(166,678)		(156,856)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,480,001		1,174,206		(305,795)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,470,179	\$	1,007,528	\$	(462,651)	

OTHER INFORMATION

CASTLE PINES COMMERCIAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2021

\$5,875,000 Limited Tax Supported Revenue Bonds Series 2015 Interest 5.0% Dated January 16, 2015 Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Payable December 1

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	140,000	\$	262,000	\$	402,000
2023		150,000		255,000		405,000
2024		165,000		247,500		412,500
2025		170,000		239,250		409,250
2026		190,000		230,750		420,750
2027		200,000		221,250		421,250
2028		215,000		211,250		426,250
2029		230,000		200,500		430,500
2030		245,000		189,000		434,000
2031		260,000		176,750		436,750
2032		280,000		163,750		443,750
2033		295,000		149,750		444,750
2034		320,000		135,000		455,000
2035		335,000		119,000		454,000
2036		360,000		102,250		462,250
2037		380,000		84,250		464,250
2038		405,000		65,250		470,250
2039		900,000		45,000		945,000
	\$	5,240,000	\$	3,097,500	\$	8,337,500