ANNUAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

Pursuant to § 32-1-207(3)(c), C.R.S., any special district created after July 1, 2000, shall file a special district annual report for the proceeding calendar year by October 1 of each year. For the year ending December 31, 2023, the District makes the following report:

(A) **Boundary changes made:**

There were no boundary changes made in 2023.

(B) Intergovernmental agreements entered into or terminated with other governmental entities:

The District did not entered into or terminate any intergovernmental agreements with other governmental entities in 2023.

(C) Access information to obtain a copy of the rules and regulations adopted by the board:

Community covenants enforced by the District can be obtained by contacting the District's legal counsel, Seter, Vander Wall & Mielke, P.C. at 303-770-2700.

(D) A summary of litigation involving public improvements owned by the special district:

During 2023, the District was the plaintiff in a lawsuit against WilliamMRK Homes, LLC in Douglas County District Court (Case No. 2022CV30644), in which the District raised claims of breach of contract and unjust enrichment for WilliamMRK's work related to an alleyway reconstruction project. The parties settled the case and the District Court granted an order dismissing the case on February 5, 2024.

(E) The status of the construction of public improvements by the special district:

The District has completed construction of anticipated public improvements.

(F) A list of facilities or improvements constructed by the special district that were conveyed or dedicated to the county or municipality:

The District did not construct any facilities or public improvements during the report year that were conveyed or dedicated to Douglas County or City of Parker.

(G) The final assessed valuation of the special district as of December 31 of the reporting year:

The District has received a certification of valuation from Douglas County that reports a taxable assessed valuation for the District for 2023 of \$10,893,600, for collection in 2024. The District certified a mill levy of 32.179 mills to be assessed against the properties within the District.

(H) **A copy of the current year's budget:**

A copy of the 2024 adopted budget is attached as Exhibit A.

(I) A copy of the audited financial statements, if required by the "Colorado Local Government Audit Law," part 6 of article 1 of title 29, or the application for exemption from audit, as applicable:

A copy of the Audit for 2023 is attached as **Exhibit B.**

(J) Notice of any uncured defaults existing for more than ninety days under any debt instrument of the special district:

The District is not aware of any uncured events of default, which continue beyond a 90-day period, under any debt instrument

(K) Any inability of the special district to pay its obligations as they come due under any obligation which continues beyond a ninety-day period:

None.

EXHIBIT A 2024 Budget

LINCOLN CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2024 BUDGET MESSAGE

Attached please find a copy of the adopted 2024 budget for the Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District.

The Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District has adopted two separate funds, a General Fund to provide for general operating, landscaping, and maintenance expenditures; and a Debt Service Fund to provide for the payment of principal and interest on the outstanding General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds Series 2006.

The district's accountants have utilized the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the budget has been adopted after proper postings, publications and public hearings.

The primary sources of revenue for the district in 2024 will be property taxes, landscape maintenance fees. The district intends to impose a 32.179 mill levy on all property within the district for 2024, of which 9.179 mills will be dedicated to the General Fund and the balance of 23.000 mills will be allocated to the Debt Service Fund.

Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District Adopted Budget General Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual <u>09/30/23</u>	Estimated <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ 143,844	\$ 191,305	\$ 101,816	\$ 101,816	\$ (80,857)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	118,193	96,220	91,446	95,000	99,992
Specific ownership taxes	10,457	6,129	6,456	8,500	6,356
Undeveloped lot fees	800	1,000	-	-	-
Homeowner Dues (Aspen Brook/SF Metro)	429,170	388,000	331,317	394,000	507,636
Park improvement fees	3,800	6,000	-	-	-
Reimb/interest/other income	4,880	3,000	1,275	3,000	3,265
Total revenues	567,300	500,349	430,494	500,500	617,249
Total funds available	711,144	691,654	532,310	602,316	536,392
Expenditures:					
Accounting/audit	11,298	16,000	12,619	16,000	16,000
Election	11,230	10,000	12,015	10,000	10,000
Insurance	5,312	7,200	- 5,100	- 5,100	- 7,200
Landscape contract	95,661	154,000	123,134	151,375	123,343
Landscape maintenance-improvements	102,696	70,000	123,134	138,333	24,200
Irrigation repairs	50,509	20,000	25,481	32,719	31,500
Pet Waste pickup	3,578	5,000	2,877	3,800	4,000
Fence Maintenance	7,618	3,000	2,077	389	25,000
Lighting maintenance	4,810	7,500	1,645	3,546	5,000
Annual Flowers common areas	+,010	5,000	1,043	5,540	5,000
Snow removal	129,693	131,250	49,570	85,000	131,000
Electric	6,615	6,000	3,021	4,200	4,500
Water	122,285	65,000	80,847	100,000	70,850
Legal	43,056	25,000	87,258	110,000	25,000
Management fees	15,007	16,000	12,295	18,087	18,000
Traffic control	13,007	700	12,235	10,007	10,000
Alley Way	-	10,000	-	-	-
Dentention pond	-	20,000	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	6,767	2,000	750	1,500	15,000
Administrative fees	2,035	2,500	3,994	6,757	5,000
Website		900	-	-	-
Social committee	614	3,000	1,924	1,924	-
Holiday lighting	-	4,000	3,000	3,000	-
Treasurer fees	1,774	1,443	1,372	1,443	1,500
Contingency	-	-			3,200
Reserve	-	25,367	-	-	10,000
Emergency reserve (3%)		18,075	-	-	15,213
Total expenditures	609,328	625,935	519,263	683,173	535,506
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 101,816</u>	\$ 65,719	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	<u>\$ (80,857)</u>	<u>\$886</u>
Assessed valuation		\$ 8,635,030			\$ 10,893,600
Лill Levy		11.143			9.179
		-			

Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District Adopted Budget Debt Service Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual <u>09/30/23</u>	Estimated <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	<u>\$ 158,529</u>	<u>\$ 257,106</u>	\$ 257,106	<u>\$ 257,106</u>	<u>\$ 274,415</u>
Revenues:					
Property taxes	297,671	272,003	258,506	272,003	250,553
Specific ownership taxes	26,335	16,320	18,249	24,000	15,033
Development fees	63,378	-	-	-	-
Interest income	8,362	4,000	14,799	15,000	4,000
Total revenues	395,746	292,323	291,554	311,003	269,586
Total funds available	554,275	549,429	548,660	568,109	544,001
Expenditures:					
Bond interest	162,702	159,114	79,557	159,114	155,526
Bond principal	130,000	130,000	-	130,000	135,000
Treasurer's fees	4,467	4,080	3,878	4,080	3,758
Trustee / paying agent fees		500		500	500
Total expenditures	297,169	293,694	83,435	293,694	294,784
Ending fund balance	\$ 257,106	\$ 255,735	\$ 465,225	\$ 274,415	\$ 249,217
Assessed valuation		\$ 8,635,030			\$ 10,893,600
Mill Levy		31.500			23.000
Total Mill Levy		42.643			32.179

EXHIBIT B 2023 Audit

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2023

with

Independent Auditor's Report

<u>CONTENTS</u>

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	Ι
Basic Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4
Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	17
Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected	18

HIRATSUKA & ASSOCIATES, L.L.P.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Supplemental Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

September 30, 2024 Wheat Ridge, Colorado

Hiratsuka & Associates, LLP

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

						Statement
			Debt			of
	9	<u>General</u>	Service	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Net Position
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	77,904	\$ -	\$ 77,904	\$ -	\$ 77,904
Cash and investments - restricted		15,213	264,896	280,109	-	280,109
Taxes due from County		548	1,550	2,098	-	2,098
Accounts receivable - assessments		9,420	-	9,420	-	9,420
Property taxes receivable		99,992	250,553	350,545	-	350,545
Capital assets not being depreciated			 -	 	3,551,255	3,551,255
Total Assets	\$	203,077	\$ 516,999	\$ 720,076	3,551,255	4,271,331
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	49,704	\$ -	\$ 49,704	-	49,704
Prepaid assessments		13,650	-	13,650	-	13,650
Fee deposit payable		71,006	-	71,006	-	71,006
Accrued interest on bonds		-	-	-	12,960	12,960
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		-	-	-	135,000	135,000
Due in more than one year		-	 -	 -	5,736,941	5,736,941
Total Liabilities		134,360	 -	 134,360	5,884,901	6,019,261
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes		99,992	250,553	350,545	-	350,545
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		99,992	 250,553	 350,545		350,545
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION						
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Emergencies		15,213	-	15,213	(15,213)	-
Debt service		-	266,446	266,446	(266,446)	
Unassigned		(47,351)	 -	 (47,351)		_
Total Fund Balances		(32,138)	 266,446	 234,308	(234,308)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	202,214	\$ 516,999	\$ 719,213		
Net Position:						
Restricted for:						
Emergencies					15,213	15,213
Debt service					253,486	253,486
Unrestricted					(2,367,174)	(2,367,174)
Total Net Position (Deficit)					<u>\$ (2,098,475)</u>	<u>\$ (2,098,475)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement

									Statement
				Debt					of
		General		Service		Total	A	djustments	Activities
EXPENDITURES									
Accounting and audit	\$	14,870	\$	_	\$	14,870	\$	- \$	14,870
Insurance	φ	5,100	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,100	Ψ	φ -	5,100
Landscape contract		146,048		_		146,048		_	146,048
Landscape maintenance/improvements		138,334		_		138,334		_	138,334
Irrigation repairs		32,719		_		32,719		_	32,719
Lighting maintenance		2,026		_		2,026		_	2,026
Pet stations		3,782		_		3,782		_	3,782
Fence repairs		389		_		389		-	389
Snow removal		91,795		_		91,795		-	91,795
Electricity		3,570		_		3,570		-	3,570
Water		99,956		_		99,956		_	99,956
Legal		110,884				110,884			110,884
Management Fees		16,639		_		16,639		_	16,639
Social activities		1,924		_		1,924		_	1,924
Miscellaneous		750		_		750		_	750
Administrative costs		5,308		_		5,308			5,308
Holiday lighting		3,000		_		3,000			3,000
Treasurer fees		1,372		3,878		5,250			5,000
Bond interest		1,572		159,114		159,114		(300)	158,814
Bond principal		-		139,114		139,114		(130,000)	150,014
Interest developer advance		-		130,000		130,000		7,050	7,050
interest developer advance								7,050	7,050
Total Expenditures		678,466		292,992		971,458		(123,250)	848,208
<u>-</u>						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(110,200)	
PROGRAM REVENUES									
Homeowners fees		441,756		-		441,756		-	441,756
Total Program Revenues		441,756				441,756			441,756
Total Flogram Revenues		441,730				441,730			441,750
Net Program Income (Expense)		(236,710)		(292,992)		(529,702)		123,250	(406,452)
		(200,710)		()		(02),(02)		120,200	(100,102)
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property taxes		91,446		258,506		349,952		-	349,952
Specific ownership taxes		8,481		23,974		32,455		-	32,455
Interest and other income		2,829		19,852		22,681		-	22,681
Total General Revenues		102,756		302,332		405,088			405,088
Total General Revenues		102,730		302,332		403,088			403,088
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(133,954)		9,340		(124,614)		124,614	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								(1,364)	(1,364)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		101,816		257,106		358,922		(2,456,896)	(2,097,974)
	*		ć		¢	· · · ·	ć	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
END OF YEAR	\$	(32,138)	\$	266,446	\$	234,308	\$	(2,333,646) \$	(2,099,338)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Property taxes	\$ 77,974	\$ 91,446	\$ 13,472
Specific ownership taxes	6,129	8,481	2,352
Undeveloped lot fees	1,000		(1,000)
Homeowners fees	388,000	441,756	53,756
Park improvement fees	6,000		(6,000)
Interest and other income	3,000	2,829	(0,000) (171)
Total Revenues	482,103	544,512	62,409
	+62,105		02,409
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and audit	16,000	14,870	1,130
Elections	10,000	-	10,000
Insurance	7,200	5,100	2,100
Landscape contract	154,000	146,048	7,952
Landscape maintenance/improvements	70,000	138,334	(68,334)
Annual flowers	5,000	-	5,000
Irrigation repairs	20,000	32,719	(12,719)
Lighting maintenance	7,500	2,026	5,474
Pet stations	5,000	3,782	1,218
Fence repairs	20,000	389	19,611
Snow removal	131,250	91,795	39,455
Electricity	6,000	3,570	2,430
Water	65,000	99,956	(34,956)
Legal	25,000	110,884	(85,884)
Management Fees	16,000	16,639	(639)
Social activities	3,000	1,924	1,076
Miscellaneous	2,000	750	1,250
Administrative costs	2,500	5,308	(2,808)
Traffic control	700	-	700
Website	900	-	900
Holiday lighting	4,000	3,000	1,000
Alley way	10,000	-	10,000
Treasurer fees	1,443	1,372	71
Detention pond	20,000	-	20,000
Reserve	7,121	-	7,121
Emergency reserve	18,075		18,075
Total Expenditures	627,689	678,466	(50,777)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(145,586)) (133,954)	11,632
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	145,586	101,816	(43,770)
END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	\$ (32,138)	<u>\$ (32,138)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District (the "District"), located in Douglas County (the "County"), Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on April 8, 2005, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act in accordance with a service plan dated December 6, 2004, approved by Douglas County. The District was established to provide for the design, acquisition, installation, construction, operation and maintenance of sanitation, storm drainage, water, streets, traffic and safety controls, parks and recreation, television relay and translation and mosquito control for the use and benefit of the residents and property owners of the District. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. Total expenditures in the General Fund exceeded total appropriations, which may be a violation of State Budget Law.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2023, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is deferred property taxes. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$15,213 of the General Fund balance has been reserved in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$266,446 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs (see Note 4).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

Fund Balance Deficit

The General Fund has a deficit of \$32,138 at December 31, 2023. It is anticipated that this will be eliminated with future property tax collections and homeowner fees.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets. The District did not have any amount to report under this category at December 31, 2023.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2023, cash and investments is classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 77,904
Cash and investments - restricted	<u>280,109</u>
Total	\$ <u>358,013</u>

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 120,762
Investments - COLOTRUST	237,251
	\$ 358,013

<u>Deposits</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has elected to follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method ("NAV") per share.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2023, the District had \$237,251 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	Balance						Balance
Governmental Type Activities:	 1/1/2023	Additions	_	Deletions		1	2/31/2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$ 3,551,255	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,551,255

Upon completion and acceptance, a majority of the fixed assets will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will not be responsible for maintenance of fixed assets conveyed to other local governments.

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2023:

	Balance 1/1/2023	A	lditions	R	eductions	1	Balance 2/31/2023	Current Portion
Other								
Developer advances	\$ 117,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117,500	\$ -
Developer advance - interest	112,391		7,050		-		119,441	-
General Obligation Debt								
Series 2021 Bond	 5,765,000		_		(130,000)		5,635,000	 135,000
	\$ 5,994,891	\$	7,050	\$	(130,000)	\$	5,871,941	\$ 135,000

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

On November 1, 2006, the District entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with LCV LLC (the "Developer") pursuant to which the District agreed to reimburse the Developer for all General Fund Costs, whether incurred prior by the Developer or by advancement of funds to the District for the purpose funding General Fund Costs of the District up to a maximum amount of \$2,000,000. The advances do not constitute multiple fiscal year financial obligations of the District and are not subject to annual appropriation. The advances bear interest at a rate of 6% from the date of the advance. The advances are to be repaid using bond proceeds or any other legally available revenues. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance of Developer Advances was \$117,500, and accrued interest was \$119,441.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

<u>\$6,000,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021</u>

On July 29, 2021, the District issued \$6,000,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, ("2021 Bonds"), for the purpose of paying and cancelling the District's Series 2006 Bonds, and paying the costs of the issuance of the 2021 Bonds, The 2021 Bonds bear interest at the rate of 2.76%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2021, and mature on December 1, 2041. The Bonds are subject to early redemption at the option of the District commencing December 1, 2026, without a redemption premium. The 2021 Bonds are secured by Pledged Revenues including the Required Mill Levy, the portion of Specific Ownership Tax related to the Required Mill Levy and any other moneys determined by the District. The refunding was undertaken to lower the interest rate.

Events of Default as defined in the 2021 Bond Indenture are 1) the failure of the District to impose the Required Mill levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Indenture, 2) the default by the District in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, of the Bond Resolution, and failure to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to the Indenture, and 3) the filing of a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable laws seeking to adjust the obligations represented by the Bonds. Failure to pay the principal of or interest on the 2021 Bonds when due shall not, of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. Remedies available in the Event of Default include 1) receivership, 2) suit for judgment, and 3) other suits. Acceleration of the 2021 Bonds is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements on the 2021 Bonds.

	Principal		l Interest			Total		
2024	\$	135,000	\$	155,526	\$	290,526		
2025		140,000		151,800		291,800		
2026		145,000		147,936		292,936		
2027		145,000		143,934		288,934		
2028		150,000		139,932		289,932		
2028-2032	:	825,000		634,800	1	,459,800		
2033-2037		950,000		514,050	1	,464,050		
2038-2041	3,	145,000		243,294	3	,388,294		
	\$ 5,	635,000	\$2	2,131,272	\$7	7,766,272		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Debt Authorization

On November 1,2005, a majority of the qualified electors of the Districts authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$35,000,000 in general obligation bonds for purposes of acquiring streets, water, sewer, park and recreation, traffic and safety control, television relay and mosquito control facilities ("New Money Authorization"), and \$35,000,000 in general oblation bonds for purposes of issuing refunding bonds at a higher interest rate ("Refunding Authorization"). After the issuance of the 2006 Bonds, the remaining authorization is \$30,870,000 of the New Money Authorization and \$35,000,000 of the Refunding Authorization. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$6,000,000 in either general obligation bonds or revenue bonds. \$1,870,000 of the Service Plan authorization remains as of December 31, 2023.

Note 5: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 1, 2005, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 6: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 7: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments may have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities or capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and
- 3) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 8: <u>Agreements</u>

Fee Resolution

On January 31, 2014 the District adopted the Second Amended and Restated Resolution Imposing Fees for Maintenance Services and Recreational Facilities, ("Fee Resolution"). To defray the cost of the services provided by the District including landscape maintenance, snow removal, park and recreation services, covenant enforcement, and design review, the District imposed a Service Fee on all lots and tracts within the District. The Service Fee was set as follows: \$131 per month per single family lots upon which a dwelling structure has been constructed and has received a certificate of occupancy ("CO"); \$55 per month for each multifamily unit which has a CO; \$40.00 per month based upon the number of dwelling units allowed on each lot or tract under the applicable plat for vacant lots or parcels (or parts thereof) platted for uses other than single family. This fee was retroactive to December 1, 2009. At the closing date for each unit, the District collects 3 months of fees and holds 2 months for any future underpayments of fees. This is recorded as a fee deposit payable on financial statements.

Subsequent to year end the District adopted the Third Amended and Restated Resolution Imposing Fees for Maintenance Services and Recreational Facilities, ("Fee Resolution"). To defray the cost of the services provided by the District including landscape maintenance, snow removal, park and recreation services, covenant enforcement, and design review, the District imposed a Service Fee on all lots and tracts within the District. The Service Fee was set as follows: \$150 per month per single family lots upon which a dwelling structure has been constructed and has received a certificate of occupancy ("CO"); \$63 per month for each multifamily unit which has a CO; \$100 per month based upon the number of dwelling units allowed on each lot or tract under the applicable plat for vacant lots or parcels (or parts thereof) platted for uses other than single family. This change in the fees is effective as of January 1, 2024 At the closing date for each unit, the District collects 3 months of fees and holds 2 months for any future underpayments of fees. This is recorded as a fee deposit payable on financial statements.

Development Fees

Effective on December 7, 2005 the District set a development fee to be charged on property within the District. The fee is a minimum of \$3,500 per unit on each residential unit to be constructed, payable at the time a building permit is approved by Douglas County. During the year ended December 31, 2023 no development fees were collected.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES	-	nal & Final <u>3udget</u>		Actual	Fa	ariance worable favorable)
Property taxes	\$	272,003	\$	258,506	\$	(13,497)
Specific ownership taxes	Ψ	16,320	Ψ	23,974	Ψ	7,654
Interest and other income		4,000		19,852		15,852
Total Revenues		292,323		302,332		10,009
EXPENDITURES						
Bond interest		159,114		159,114		-
Treasurer fees		4,080		3,878		202
Bond principal		130,000		130,000		-
Trusteee/paying agent fees		500		-		500
Total Expenditures		293,694		292,992		702
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,371)		9,340		10,711
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		247,360		257,106		9,746
END OF YEAR	\$	245,989	\$	266,446	\$	20,457

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2023

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy		Mills Levied General Debt Service Total			Total Property Tax Levied Collected				Percent Collected <u>to Levied</u>
\$	1,262,110	10.000	50.000	60.000	\$	75,727	\$	75,727	100.00%
\$	2,140,650	10.000	50.000	60.000	\$	128,439	\$	128,444	100.00%
\$	2,167,270	10.000	50.000	60.000	\$	130,036	\$	130,037	100.00%
\$	2,931,080	10.000	52.079	62.079	\$	181,959	\$	181,937	99.99%
\$	2,879,950	10.000	52.662	62.662	\$	180,463	\$	180,486	100.01%
\$	4,202,050	10.000	53.206	63.206	\$	265,595	\$	265,554	99.98%
\$	6,381,620	10.000	54.840	64.840	\$	413,784	\$	413,784	100.00%
\$	8,759,050	13.500	34.000	47.500	\$	416,055	\$	415,864	99.95%
\$	8,635,030	9.030	31.500	40.530	\$	349,978	\$	349,952	99.99%
\$	10,893,600	9.179	23.000	32.179	\$	350,545			
	f Ye S S S S S S S S S S S	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property <u>Tax Levv</u> \$ 1,262,110 \$ 2,140,650 \$ 2,167,270 \$ 2,931,080 \$ 2,879,950 \$ 4,202,050 \$ 4,202,050 \$ 6,381,620 \$ 8,759,050 \$ 8,635,030	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy General \$ 1,262,110 10.000 \$ 2,140,650 10.000 \$ 2,167,270 10.000 \$ 2,931,080 10.000 \$ 2,879,950 10.000 \$ 4,202,050 10.000 \$ 6,381,620 10.000 \$ 8,759,050 13.500 \$ 8,635,030 9.030	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Year Property Tax Levy General Debt Service \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 \$ 2,140,650 10.000 50.000 \$ 2,167,270 10.000 50.000 \$ 2,931,080 10.000 52.079 \$ 2,879,950 10.000 52.662 \$ 4,202,050 10.000 53.206 \$ 6,381,620 10.000 54.840 \$ 8,759,050 13.500 34.000 \$ 8,635,030 9.030 31.500	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Year Property General Debt Service Total \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 2,140,650 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 2,167,270 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 2,931,080 10.000 52.079 62.079 \$ 2,879,950 10.000 53.206 63.206 \$ 4,202,050 10.000 53.206 63.206 \$ 6,381,620 10.000 54.840 64.840 \$ 8,759,050 13.500 34.000 47.500 \$ 8,635,030 9.030 31.500 40.530	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Year Property General Debt Service Total \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ \$ 2,140,650 \$ 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ \$ 2,167,270 \$ 10.000 \$ 50.000 60.000 \$ \$ \$ 2,931,080 \$ 10.000 \$ 52.079 \$ 62.079 \$ \$ \$ 2,879,950 \$ 10.000 \$ 52.062 \$ 62.079 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,879,950 \$ 10.000 \$ 52.662 \$ 62.062 \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,202,050 \$ 10.000 \$ 52.662 \$ 63.206 \$ \$ \$ \$ 6,381,620 \$ 10.000 \$ 53.206 \$ 63.206 \$ \$ \$ \$ 8,635,030 \$ 9.030 \$ 31.500 \$ 40.530 \$ \$ \$	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Property Year Property General Debt Service Total Levied \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 75,727 \$ 2,140,650 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 128,439 \$ 2,167,270 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 130,036 \$ 2,931,080 10.000 52.079 62.079 \$ 181,959 \$ 2,879,950 10.000 52.662 62.662 \$ 180,463 \$ 4,202,050 10.000 53.206 63.206 \$ 265,595 \$ 6,381,620 10.000 54.840 64.840 \$ 413,784 \$ 8,759,050 13.500 34.000 47.500 \$ 416,055 \$ 8,635,030 9.030 31.500 40.530 \$ 349,978	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Property Year Property General Debt Service Total Levied Q \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 75,727 \$ \$ 2,140,650 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 128,439 \$ \$ 2,167,270 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 130,036 \$ \$ 2,931,080 10.000 52.079 62.079 \$ 181,959 \$ \$ 2,879,950 10.000 52.662 62.662 \$ 180,463 \$ \$ 4,202,050 10.000 53.206 63.206 \$ 265,595 \$ \$ 6,381,620 10.000 54.840 64.840 \$ 413,784 \$ \$ 8,759,050 13.500 34.000 47.500 \$ 416,055 \$ \$ 8,635,030 9.030 31.500 40.530 \$ 349,978 \$	Year Assessed Valuation for Current Mills Levied Total Property Tax Year Property Tax Levy General Debt Service Total Levied Collected \$ 1,262,110 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 75,727 \$ 75,727 \$ 2,140,650 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 128,439 \$ 128,444 \$ 2,167,270 10.000 50.000 60.000 \$ 130,036 \$ 130,037 \$ 2,931,080 10.000 52.079 62.079 \$ 181,959 \$ 181,937 \$ 2,879,950 10.000 52.662 62.662 \$ 180,463 \$ 180,486 \$ 4,202,050 10.000 53.206 63.206 \$ 265,595 \$ 265,554 \$ 6,381,620 10.000 54.840 64.840 \$ 413,784 \$ 413,784 \$ 8,759,050 13.500 34.000 47.500 \$ 416,055 \$ 415,864 \$ 8,635,030 9.030 31.500 40.530 \$ 349,978 \$ 349,952

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.