CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TOWN OF CASTLE ROCK, COLORADO

2018 ANNUAL REPORT

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan for Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the "District"), the District is required to submit an annual report to the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado (the "Town") which reflects activity and financial events of the District through the preceding December 31 (the "report year") and includes the following:

To the best of our actual knowledge, for the year ending December 31, 2018, the District makes the following report:

A. A narrative summary of the progress of the District in implementing its service plan for the report year.

The District has previously constructed and financed a large portion of the infrastructure necessary to serve the property within its boundaries. The construction of additional public infrastructure by the District has not been necessary.

B. Except when an exemption from audit has been granted for the report year under the Local Government Audit Law, the audited financial statements of the District for the report year including a statement of financial condition (i.e. balance sheet) as of December 31 of the report year and the statement of operations (i.e. revenues and expenditures) for the report year.

A copy of the audit for the District for the year ending December 31, 2018 is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

C. <u>Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the capital expenditures incurred by the District in development of public facilities in the report year, as well as any capital improvements or projects proposed to be undertaken in the five (5) years following the report year.</u>

There were no capital expenditures in 2018 and there are no planned improvements scheduled for the District in the next 5 years.

D. <u>Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the financial obligations of the District at the end of the report year, including the amount of outstanding indebtedness, the amount and terms of any new District indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the amount of payment or retirement of existing indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District as of January 1 of the report year, and the current mill levy of the District pledged to debt retirement in the report year.</u>

A summary of the financial obligations of the District can be found in the 2019 budget attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

E. <u>The District's budget for the calendar year in which the annual report is</u> submitted.

A copy of the District's 2019 budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit B.**

F. <u>A summary of residential and commercial development that has occurred within the District for the report year.</u>

26 residential lots were developed in 2018, based on the amount of system development fees received.

No Commercial development occurred in 2018.

G. A summary of all fees, charges and assessments imposed by the District as of January 1 of the report year.

The District imposes a facilities development fee on the property within the District in the amount of \$3,465 on each Single Family Equivalent.

H. <u>Certification of the Boards that no action, event, or condition of Section 11.02.060</u> (Material Modification of Service Plan) has occurred in the report year.

The Certificate is attached as **Exhibit C**.

I. The names, business addresses and phone numbers of all members of the Board and its chief administrative officer and general counsel, together with the date, place and time of the regular meetings of the board.

Board of Directors:

Chris Pratt

100 Third Street Castle Rock, CO 80104 303-660-7338

Christian Matthew Janke

E5X Management 7353 South Alton Way Centennial, CO 80112 303-770-9111

Craig Campbell

Starwood Land Ventures, LLC 385 Inverness Parkway, Suite 310 Englewood, CO 80112 303-858-9992

Thomas Hykes

2652 Red Bird Trail Castle Rock, CO 80108 719-287-3336

Regular Meetings:

Date: June 5, 2019 and November 6, 2019

Place: 1465 Autumn Sage Street, Castle Rock, Colorado

Time: 6:00 p.m.

General Counsel:

Kristin B. Tompkins, Esq.
WHITE BEAR ANKELE TANAKA & WALDRON
Attorneys at Law
2154 E Commons Ave, Suite 2000
Centennial, CO 80122

EXHIBIT A

2018 Audit

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Castle Oaks Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Castle Oaks Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information (together, the information) as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscal Focus Paretners, LLC

Greenwood Village, Colorado June 25, 2019



CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 177,913
Cash and Investments - Restricted	309,300
Receivable from County Treasurer	14,944
Property Taxes Receivable	1,379,252
Prepaid Expense	845_
Total Assets	1,882,254
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,586
Accrued Interest Payable	61,200
Due to SLV	13,859
Due to other District	3,465
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	425,000
Due in More Than One Year	16,584,394
Total Liabilities	17,089,504
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,379,252
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,379,252_
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	4,000
Debt Service	235,923
Unrestricted	(16,826,425)
Total Net Position	\$ (16,586,502)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Revenue

			Program Revenues		(Expense) and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Government Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 77,087 2,062,124	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ (77,087) (2,062,124)
Total Governental Activities	\$ 2,139,211	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(2,139,211)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Owners Interest Income Total Gene				1,476,803 156,191 23,048 1,656,042
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			(483,169)
	Net Position - Begi	inning of Year			(16,103,333)
	NET POSITION - I	END OF YEAR			\$ (16,586,502)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

				Debt	Go	Total vernmental
ASSETS		General		Service		Funds
7.652.0						
Cash and Investments	\$	177,913	\$	-	\$	177,913
Cash and Investments - Restricted		4,000		305,300		309,300
Receivable from County Treasurer Prepaid Expense		1,195 845		13,749		14,944 845
Property Taxes Receivable		120,960		1,258,292		1,379,252
Troperty Taxes Necelvable		120,500		1,200,202		1,010,202
Total Assets	\$	304,913	\$	1,577,341	\$	1,882,254
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,586	\$	-	\$	1,586
Due to SLV		-		13,859		13,859
Due to other District				3,465		3,465
Total Liabilities		1,586		17,324		18,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		120,960		1,258,292		1,379,252
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		120,960		1,258,292		1,379,252
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		845		=		845
Restricted For:						
Emergency Reserves		4,000		-		4,000
Debt Service		477.500		301,725		301,725
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	-	177,522		201 725		177,522
Total Fund Balances		182,367	_	301,725		484,092
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	œ	204.012	ď	1 577 044		
and Fund Balances	\$	304,913	\$	1,577,341		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Long-term liabilities, including loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Bonds Payable						(15,995,000)
Bonds premium						(13,993,000)
Accrued Bond Interest Payable						(61,200)
Net Position of Governmental Acitivities					\$	(16,586,502)
Someth Service and Advantage						(,000,002)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES		Sellelal		Service		Fullus	
Property Taxes	\$	118,144	\$	1,358,659	\$	1,476,803	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	12,495	Ψ	143,696	Ψ	156,191	
Interest Income		51		22,997		23,048	
Total Revenues		130,690		1,525,352		1,656,042	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting		23,808		-		23,808	
Audit		4,250		-		4,250	
County Treasurer's Fees		1,773		20,388		22,161	
Election		1,142				1,142	
Insurance and Bonds		3,168		-		3,168	
Dues and Subscriptions		317		-		317	
Legal		22,086		-		22,086	
Miscellaneous		155		-		155	
Debt Service:							
Paying Agent Fees		-		6,103		6,103	
Bond Issue Costs		-		344,308		344,308	
Loan Principal		-		18,210,000		18,210,000	
Loan Interest		-		608,897		608,897	
Bond Principal - Seires 2018		-		420,000		420,000	
Bond Interest - Series 2018		-		77,638		77,638	
Total Expenditures		56,699		19,687,334		19,744,033	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		73,991		(18,161,982)		(18,087,991)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bond issuance		-		16,415,000		16,415,000	
Bond Premium				1,022,710		1,022,710	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		17,437,710		17,437,710	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		73,991		(724,272)		(650,281)	
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		108,376		1,025,997		1,134,373	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	182,367	\$	301,725	\$	484,092	

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (650,281)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is a follows:

Loan Refunded and Paid	18,210,000
Amortization - Cost of Refunding	(1,021,006)
Bond Issuance - Series 2018	(16,415,000)
Current Year Bond Principal Payment	420,000
Bond Issuance - Series 2018 (Premium)	(1,022,710)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of Bond Premium

8,316

Accrued Interest on Debt - Change in Liability

(12,488)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (483,169)

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Original and Final Budget	Variance- with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 118,154	\$ 118,144	\$ (10)	
Specific Ownership Taxes	11,820	12,495	675	
Other Income	300	-	(300)	
Interest Income	50	51	1	
Total Revenues	130,324	130,690	366	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	20,000	23,808	(3,808)	
Audit	5,500	4,250	1,250	
County Treasurer's Fees	1,770	1,773	(3)	
Election	1,000	1,142	(142)	
Director's Fees	900	-	900	
Insurance and Bonds	3,700	3,168	532	
Dues and Subscriptions	350	317	33	
Legal .	30,000	22,086	7,914	
Contingency	4,480	-	4,480	
Miscellaneous	300	155	145	
Total Expenditures	68,000	56,699	11,301	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	62,324	73,991	11,667	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	104,474	108,376	3,902	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 166,798	\$ 182,367	\$ 15,569	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Castle Oaks Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court for the County of Douglas on January 9, 2001 and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, mosquito control, safety protection, television relay and translation, and security.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

This District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as a deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Bond Issue Costs

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Bond Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 177,913
Cash and Investments - Restricted	309,300
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 487,213

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 7,988
Investments	479,225
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 487,213

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$12,398 and a carrying balance of \$7,988.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount			
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days	\$	204,627		
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days		274,598		
Total		\$	479,225		

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Balance - ecember 31, 2017	Additions	F	Retirements	Balance - ecember 31, 2018	(Due Within One Year
Refunding Loan -			`				
Series 2015A	\$ 7,610,000	\$ -	\$	7,610,000	\$ -	\$	-
Refunding Loan -							
Series2015B	10,600,000	-		10,600,000	-		-
General Obligation Refuding							
Bonds, Series 2018	-	16,415,000		420,000	15,995,000		425,000
Bond Premium - Series 2018	-	1,022,710		8,316	1,014,394		-
	\$ 18,210,000	\$ 17,437,710	\$	18,638,316	\$ 17,009,394	\$	425,000

Loan Agreement

The District entered into a Loan Agreement with Compass Mortgage Corporation dated December 11, 2015, in the amount of \$18,825,000 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2012 bonds and repaying developer advances. The Loan consists of a taxable portion, convertible to tax-exempt, (Series 2015A) in the amount of \$7,850,000 and a nontaxable portion (Series 2015B) in the amount of \$10,975,000. The Series 2015A converted to tax-exempt on September 5, 2017. Principal payments are due December 1 and interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 in varying amounts through December 1, 2022 with an interest rate of 4.93% on the taxable portion and an interest rate of 3.21% on the nontaxable portion. The Loan is subject to mandatory redemption beginning December 1, 2016. The Loan may not be prepaid in whole or in part prior to December 11, 2018. The Loan may be prepaid in whole or, subject to the consent of the Lender, in part, on December 11, 2018, or on any date thereafter, at the option of the District and after ten (10) days prior written notice to the Lender of such prepayment, upon payment of par and accrued interest to the date of prepayment, without prepayment fees, premiums, or penalties. On October 24, 2018, the Series 2015 Loans were refunded with the issuance of the Series 2018 Bonds.

<u>Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Series 2018</u>

On October 24, 2018, the District refunded \$18,210,000 of Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015A and Series 2015B by the issuance of \$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used for the purposes of: (i) repaying of the Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2018A and Series 2015B and (ii) paying the costs of issuance on the Bonds. The Bonds are term bonds that bear interest at 5.00%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2040.

The Bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2028 are not subject to redemption prior to their respective maturity dates. The bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2029 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of the monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Required Mill Levy (an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, but not in excess of 50.000 mills, as adjusted); (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property within the District each year in an amount sufficient, to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds as the same become due, but not in excess of 50 mills; provided however, in the event the method of calculating assessed valuation is or was changed after September 28, 2000, the maximum mill levy of 50.000 mills will be increased or decreased to reflect such changes. These mill levies have been adjusted by the Board as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2000. The current adjusted mill levy is 67.638.

Additionally, the scheduled payment of the principal of and interest of the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy with Build America Mutual Assurance Company BAM). BAM's financial strength is rated AA by S&P Global Ratings.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal			Interest		Total
2019	\$	425,000	-	\$ 734,400	\$	1,159,400		
2020		445,000		713,150		1,158,150		
2021		465,000		690,900		1,155,900		
2022		485,000		672,300		1,157,300		
2023		510,000		648,050		1,158,050		
2024-2028		2,955,000		2,831,750		5,786,750		
2029-2033		3,770,000		2,015,250		5,785,250		
2034-2038		4,755,000		1,032,100		5,787,100		
2039-2040		2,185,000		132,000		2,317,000		
Total	\$	15,995,000	3	\$ 9,469,900	\$	25,464,900		

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2000, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amount allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized on			Authorized Used		Authorized Used	Authorized but Unissued at		
	November 7,			Series		Series	D	ecember 31,	
	2000			2015 Loan 2018 Bonds		2018 Bonds		2018	
Public Improvements	\$	64,250,000	\$	29,177,640	\$	-	\$	35,072,360	
Intergovernmental Agreements		112,750,000		238,000		-		112,512,000	
Operations and Maintenance		5,000,000		-		-		5,000,000	
Refunding		68,750,000		25,434,360		16,415,000		26,900,640	
Total	\$	250,750,000	\$	54,850,000	\$	16,415,000	\$	179,485,000	
Total	\$	250,750,000	\$	54,850,000	\$	16,415,000	\$	179,485,000	

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2018, as follows:

	(Governmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:		
Emergencies	\$	4,000
Debt Service		235,923
Total	\$	239,923

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, which were conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Intergovernmental Agreement

On October 28, 2002, as amended September 2, 2003, the District entered into an agreement with the Town of Castle Rock (the Town) whereby the District will finance and construct public improvements which are necessary to provide municipal services within the District's Boundaries as set forth in the Service Plan. Upon completion of the improvements, the District is required to convey the improvements to the Town. Upon acceptance, the Town is responsible for operation, maintenance, and repair of such improvements. The District imposes a development fee on property within its boundaries which equals the water and sewer fee of the Town plus a facility fee (Development Fee) to the District. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District retains the Town's water and sewer fee. The District is also permitted to impose ad valorem property taxes, rates, fees, or other revenue as set forth in the Service Plan.

Development Fee Agreement

On September 25, 2005, the District entered into a Development Fee Agreement with Autumn Sage Development, Ltd., (the Former Developer). The Former Developer guaranteed to fund any shortfall in Facility Development Fees up to \$1,680,179 with respect to property within the District owned by the Former Developer. The shortfall amounts were to be calculated semiannually as of April 15th and October 15th and are to be paid each May 1st and November 1st commencing 2006 through 2009. The amount of \$145,530 for the 2009 payment was still owed to the District as of December 31, 2013. In 2014, the SLV Castle Oaks, LLC, (the Developer), authorized the use of current facility fee payments received and subsequently forwarded to the Developer to meet this obligation. Therefore there are no other amounts owed from the Former Developer per this agreement. The Resolution of the Castle Oaks Metropolitan District Regarding the Imposition of Facilities/ Development Fees, as amended, imposes a lien on the property in the District for the collection of the fees at the time of building permit. The Developer has prepaid all fees; therefore, fees collected are forwarded to the Developer for reimbursement.

As of December 31, 2018, the District owed \$17,324 in facilities fees collected, included in this amount were \$3,465 from facilities fees collected in error for a property located in Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 3. As of April 4, 2019, the District had paid all amounts owed under this agreement in full.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

Certain members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest with respect to certain transactions which come before the Board.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 2000, the District's voters authorized the District to increase annual taxes \$500,000 annually without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Termination of Development Fee Agreement

On June 5, 2019, the District notified SLV Castle Oaks, LLC that the Developer Fee Agreement was terminated. As of this date, all Development Fees required to pay the shortfall amounts have been paid, therefore neither party has any further obligation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgets						Variance- with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	<u> </u>	Final		Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES								<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$	1,358,820	\$	1,358,820	\$	1,358,659	\$	(161)
Specific Ownership Taxes		135,880		145,000		143,696		(1,304)
Interest Income		5,800		23,000		22,997		(3)
Total Revenues		1,500,500		1,526,820		1,525,352		(1,468)
EXPENDITURES								
Paying Agent Fees		6,000		6,000		6,103		(103)
County Treasurer's Fees		20,380		20,388		20,388		-
Interest Expense - Loan		584,541		610,000		608,897		1,103
Principal Expense - Loan		540,000		18,210,000		18,210,000		-
Bond Interest - Series 2018		-		80,000		77,638		2,362
Bond Principal - Series 2018		-		420,000		420,000		-
Contingency		2,179		2,612		-		2,612
Bond Issue Costs				345,000		344,308		692
Total Expenditures		1,153,100		19,694,000		19,687,334		6,666
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		347,400	((18,167,180)	(18,161,982)		5,198
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond Issuance		-		16,415,000		16,415,000		-
Bond Premium		-		1,025,000		1,022,710		(2,290)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				17,440,000		17,437,710		(2,290)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		347,400		(727,180)		(724,272)		2,908
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		947,088		947,088		1,025,997		78,909
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,294,488	\$	219,908	\$	301,725	\$	81,817

OTHER INFORMATION

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2018

\$16,415,000 Taxable Refunding Loan Series 2018

Interest 5.00%

Bonds and

Interest

Maturing Dated October 24, 2018 in the Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

in the	Interest Payable June 1 and December 1									
Year Ending	Prin	ber 1								
December 31,	Principal	Interest			Total					
	 · ·	•								
2019	\$ 425,000	\$	734,400	\$	1,159,400					
2020	445,000		713,150		1,158,150					
2021	465,000		690,900		1,155,900					
2022	485,000		672,300		1,157,300					
2023	510,000		648,050		1,158,050					
2024	535,000		622,550		1,157,550					
2025	560,000		595,800		1,155,800					
2026	590,000		567,800		1,157,800					
2027	620,000		538,300		1,158,300					
2028	650,000		507,300		1,157,300					
2029	685,000		474,800		1,159,800					
2030	715,000		440,550		1,155,550					
2031	750,000		404,800		1,154,800					
2032	790,000		367,300		1,157,300					
2033	830,000		327,800		1,157,800					
2034	870,000		286,300		1,156,300					
2035	915,000		242,800		1,157,800					
2036	950,000		206,200		1,156,200					
2037	990,000		168,200		1,158,200					
2038	1,030,000		128,600		1,158,600					
2039	1,070,000		87,400		1,157,400					
2040	 1,115,000		44,600		1,159,600					
Total	\$ 15,995,000	\$	9,469,900	\$	25,464,900					

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Prior					
	Υe	ear Assessed					
		Valuation					Danasatana
Vaar Endad	-	or Current	Milla	اميناميا	Total Dram	 Towas	Percentage
Year Ended	Y	ear Property		Levied	Total Prop	 	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied	 Collected	to Levied
2014	\$	11,112,455	4.000	46.000	\$ 555,623	\$ 555,624	100.00 %
2015		12,986,450	4.000	46.000	649,323	649,326	100.00
2016		20,790,520	4.000	46.000	1,039,526	1,039,527	100.00
2017		23,228,460	4.000	46.000	1,161,423	1,161,415	100.00
2018		26,719,500	4.422	50.855	1,476,974	1,476,803	99.99
Estimated for							
the Year Ending							
December 31,							
2019	\$	27,354,180	4.422	46.000	\$ 1,379,252		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.

EXHIBIT B

2019 Budget



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

Accountant's Compilation Report

Board of Directors Castle Oaks Metropolitan District

Management is responsible for the accompanying budget of revenues, expenditures, and fund balances of Castle Oaks Metropolitan District for the year ending December 31, 2019, including the estimate of comparative information for the year ending December 31, 2018, and the actual comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2017, in the format prescribed by Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.) 29-1-105 and the related summary of significant assumptions in accordance with guidelines for the presentation of a budget established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the budget nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on the accompanying budget.

The budgeted results may not be achieved as there will usually be differences between the budgeted and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and these differences may be material. We assume no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

We draw attention to the summary of significant assumptions which describe that the budget is presented in accordance with the requirements of C.R.S. 29-1-105, and is not intended to be a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We are not independent with respect to Castle Oaks Metropolitan District.

Greenwood Village, Colorado

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

January 21, 2019

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY 2019 BUDGET

WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2017	ESTIMATED 2018	BUDGET 2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$ 943,587	\$ 1,134,373	\$ 913,296
REVENUE Property taxes Specific ownership tax Net investment income Facilities fees Bond proceeds Bond proceeds - Premium Other revenue	1,161,415 127,227 10,636 59,072 - - 51	1,476,974 151,260 19,706 - 16,950,000 100,000	1,379,252 137,925 12,750 - - - 300
Total revenue Total funds available	2,301,988	19,832,313	2,443,523
EXPENDITURES General Fund Debt Service Fund Total expenditures	42,629 1,124,986 1,167,615	55,451 18,863,566 18,919,017	68,000 1,200,000 1,268,000
Total expenditures and transfers out requiring appropriation	1,167,615 \$ 1 134 373	18,919,017	1,268,000 \$ 1,175,523
requiring appropriation ENDING FUND BALANCES	1,167,615 \$ 1,134,373	18,919,0 \$ 913,2	

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2019 BUDGET

WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL	E	STIMATED	BUDGET	
	2017		2018		2019
ASSESSED VALUATION					
Residential	\$ 21,012,060	\$	25,273,390	\$	26,404,280
Commercial	46,080		41,480		16,470
State assessed	307,900		324,700		325,500
Vacant land	1,862,420		1,079,930		607,930
	23,228,460		26,719,500		27,354,180
Certified Assessed Value	\$ 23,228,460	\$	26,719,500	\$	27,354,180
MILL LEVY					
General	4.000		4.422		4.422
Debt Service	46.000		50.855		46.000
Total mill levy	50.000		55.277		50.422
PROPERTY TAXES					
General	\$ 92,914	\$	118,154	\$	120,960
Debt Service	1,068,509		1,358,820		1,258,292
Levied property taxes Adjustments to actual/rounding	 1,161,423 (8)		1,476,974 -		1,379,252
Budgeted property taxes	\$ 1,161,415	\$	1,476,974	\$	1,379,252
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES General Debt Service	\$ 92,913 1,068,502	\$	118,154 1,358,820	\$	120,960 1,258,292
	\$ 1,161,415	\$	1,476,974	\$	1,379,252

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2019 BUDGET

WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	Α	CTUAL	ES	TIMATED	Е	BUDGET
	<u> </u>	2017		2018		2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	47,824	\$	108,376	\$	183,211
REVENUE						
Property taxes		92,913		118,154		120,960
Specific ownership tax		10,176		12,101		12,096
Net investment income		41		31		50
Other revenue		51		-		300
Total revenue		103,181		130,286		133,406
Total funds available		151,005		238,662		316,617
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
Accounting		17,195		22,000		20,000
Auditing		4,000		4,250		5,500
County Treasurer's fee		1,394		1,770		1,814
Directors' fees		-		-		900
Dues and licenses		315		317		350
Election expense		-		1,142		-
Insurance and bonds		3,418		3,168		3,700
Legal services		16,261		22,761		30,000
Miscellaneous		46		43		300
Contingency		42.620		- - -		5,436
Total expenditures		42,629		55,451		68,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		42,629		55,451		68,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	108,376	\$	183,211	\$	248,617
		·				
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	3,100	\$	3,900	\$	4,000
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	3,100	\$	3,900	\$	4,000

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND 2019 BUDGET

WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL			STIMATED	E	BUDGET
		2017		2018		2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	895,763	\$	1,025,997	\$	730,085
REVENUE						
Property taxes		1,068,502		1,358,820		1,258,292
Specific ownership tax Facilities fees		117,051		139,159		125,829
Net investment income		59,072 10,595		- 19,675		- 12,700
Bond proceeds		10,595		16,950,000		12,700
Bond proceeds - Premium		-		100,000		-
Total revenue		1,255,220		18,567,654		1,396,821
Total funds available		2,150,983		19,593,651		2,126,906
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Bond issue costs		-		370,665		-
Bond interest - Series 2018		-		81,003		734,400
Bond principal - Series 2018		-		420,000		435,000
Bond Refunding		-		17,670,000		- E E 2 6
Contingency County Treasurer's fee		16,035		20,380		5,526 18,874
Loan interest		708,748		295,518		10,07 -
Loan principal		400,000				_
Paying agent fees/bank fees		203		6,000		6,200
Total expenditures		1,124,986		18,863,566		1,200,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		1,124,986		18,863,566		1,200,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	1,025,997	\$	730,085	\$	926,906

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Services Provided

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court for the County of Douglas on January 2, 2001, and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, television relay and translation, and security.

On November 7, 2000, District voters authorized the District to issue \$250,750,000 of general obligation bonds or other financial obligations for the infrastructure development, parks and recreation, performance of intergovernmental agreements, formation of a regional water authority, refinancing of district debt, and other uses. However, the District's Service Plan limits its general obligation debt to \$25,000,000.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Revenues (continued)

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 10% of the property taxes collected.

Net Investment Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on prior year's interest earnings.

Expenditures

Administrative Expenditures

Administrative expenditures include the services necessary to maintain the administrative viability such as legal, accounting, insurance, and other administrative expenses of the District.

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.5% of property tax collections.

Debt Service

The principal and interest payments in 2019 are provided based on the debt amortization schedule from the General Obligation Limited Tax refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (discussed under Debts and Leases)

Debt and Leases

On October 24, 2018, the District refunded \$18,210,000 of Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015B by the issuance of \$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used for the purposes of: (i) advance refunding of the Nontaxable Refunding Loan, Series 2015B and (ii) paying the costs of issuance on the Bonds.

The Bonds are term bonds that bear interest at 5.00%, payable semi-annually On June 1 and December 1, 2018, beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds maturing on December 1, 2035 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2028, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par plus accrued interest, without redemption premium. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1 of each year beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2040.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Debts and Leases (continued)

The Bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of the monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Required Mill Levy (an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, but not in excess of 50.000 mills, as adjusted); (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property within the District each year in an amount sufficient, to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds as the same become due, but not in excess of 50.000 mills. These mill levies have been adjusted by the Board as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2002. The current adjusted mill levy is 67.639.

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Reserve Funds

Emergency Reserve

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve equal to at least 3% of the fiscal year spending for 2019, as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

\$16,415,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending

Series 2018 Interest 5.00% Dated October 24, 2018

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Payable December 1

Year Ending		Pri	псіраі і	ayable Dece	<u>}r 1</u>		
December 31,	Р	rincipal		Interest			Total
2019	\$	425,000	\$	734,400		\$	1,159,400
2020		445,000		713,150			1,158,150
2021		465,000		690,900			1,155,900
2022		485,000		672,300			1,157,300
2023		510,000		648,050			1,158,050
2024		535,000		622,550			1,157,550
2025		560,000		595,800			1,155,800
2026		590,000		567,800			1,157,800
2027		620,000		538,300			1,158,300
2028		650,000		507,300			1,157,300
2029		685,000		474,800			1,159,800
2030		715,000		440,550			1,155,550
2031		750,000		404,800			1,154,800
2032		790,000		367,300			1,157,300
2033		830,000		327,800			1,157,800
2034		870,000		286,300			1,156,300
2035		915,000		242,800			1,157,800
2036		950,000		206,200			1,156,200
2037		990,000		168,200			1,158,200
2038		1,030,000		128,600			1,158,600
2039		1,070,000		87,400			1,157,400
2040		1,115,000		44,600			1,159,600
	\$	15,995,000	\$	9,469,900		\$	25,464,900

EXHIBIT C

Certification

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Castle Oaks Metropolitan District, I hereby certify that no action, event or condition set forth in Section 11.02.060 of the Intergovernmental Affairs Chapter of the Town of Castle Rock Code has occurred in the report year.

Chris Pratt, Officer of the District